

Q.P. Code : 305502

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 100

- N.B. :** (1) All questions are **compulsory**
(2) **Figures to right** indicate **full marks**.
(3) Support your answers with relevant case laws.

1. Answer in not more than **two** sentences 20
- (a) What is International Law?
 - (b) Name the four criteria of Statehood.
 - (c) What is constitutive theory of recognition of States?
 - (d) What is Pacta Sunt Servanda?
 - (e) What is continental Shelf?
 - (f) What is Ozone Depletion?
 - (g) What is Asylum in International Law?
 - (h) Write two important functions of UNICEF.
 - (i) Define Arbitration.
 - (j) What do you understand by the term Right to Development?
2. Short notes (Any **Four**) 20
- (a) Vienna Convention on Law of Treaty
 - (b) Peaceful Settlements of Disputes
 - (c) Directive Principles and Human Rights
 - (d) Rights of Children under Indian Constitution
 - (e) United Nations Environment Program
 - (f) Amnesty International
3. Situational Questions. (Solve any **two**) 12
- (a) Mr Santosh was a member of a Trade Union. Once while he was travelling he fell down from the running train. He was admitted to the government hospital in a serious condition. As required medical facilities were not available in the Government hospital he was later on shifted to a private hospital. He claimed the sum of money from the Govt. which he spent on his treatment in the private hospital.
- (i) Can the claim be maintainable in Court in the above situation? Why?
 - (ii) Give examples of two legislations based on International Conventions for improvement of workers condition.

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- (b) Bondana and Pacika are two neighboring states having boundary disputes. To resolve their disputes both the countries decide to approach the International Court of Justice.
- (i) State the procedure followed by the countries to approach the International Court of Justice.
 - (ii) Write the two famous cases decided by the International Court of Justice.
- (c) In a landmark Judgment the Supreme Court held that The National Human Rights Commission shall act according to the directions issued by the Supreme Court.
- (i) Discuss the functions of National Human Rights Commission.
 - (ii) What shortcomings are there in the power granted to the National Human Rights Commission as per The Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993

4. Discuss in detail (Any four)

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- (a) Explain the term Sustainable Development? Explain various Acts which are enacted by the Central Government for the improvement of Environment.
- (b) Explain the role played by Supreme Court in India for the protection of human rights of people.
- (c) What is UNCLOS? Explain the importance of UNCLOS in resolving the disputes amongst disputing states.
- (d) Define Human Rights. Trace the development of Human Rights regime in modern times.
- (e) What is Recognition? Explain the Law relating to Recognition of States in International Law.
- (f) Define Treaty. What are the various stages of formation of a treaty? Give examples of two important treaties.

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