TURN OVER

26013

- (b) An Act was passed by the parliament of India and it got assent of the President of India. No any provision was made in the said Act about its coming into operation.
  - (i) When is such Act deemed to come into operation?
  - (ii) Can such Act be rendered as null and void merely because it does not contain the date of commencement? Why?
- (c) Mumbai Tenancy and Agricultural Lands Act was amended and a word 'Plot' had more than two interpretations possible, in the given provision and only one interpretation favoured the rights of Farmers for whose benefit the said amendment in the Act was legislated.
  - (i) Which rule of interpretation shall have to be used and which interpretation of the said word will have to be accepted?
  - (ii) Give full reasons for your answer to above question.

Answer any 4 (four) of the following.

- (a) What is the meaning of 'Interpretation of statutes'? Briefly explain some of the important basic principles of interpretation.
- (b) What do you understand by 'internal aids' to construction? Explain any 3 of them in detail.
- (c) What do you understand by subsidiary rules of interpretation? Enlist some of them and explain in full any 3 of such subsidiary rules of interpretation.
- (d) What is the meaning of delegated legislation? What is its necessity? Can there be sub-delegation?
- (e) Explain in full the rules about operation of statutes. When can an Act be allowed to be retrospective in operation?
- (f) Explain in full the use of "The General Clauses Act" in the interpretation of statutes. Are there any limitation in its use?

TURN OVER