

Exam	Sem. / Part / Year	Subject	Days & Dates	Time	Code	Session
407 & 408	SEM-V & SEM-IX	Criminal Procedure Code, Juvenile Justice Act 2000 and Probation of Offender's Act	Monday, April 13, 2015	11:00 a.m. to 02:00 p.m.	13034	M

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks : 100

- N.B. (1) All questions are compulsory.
 (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
 (3) Give reasons / case laws wherever necessary.

1. Answer the following in not more than two sentences :— 20
 - (a) Define inquiry
 - (b) What do you mean by Judicial Proceeding?
 - (c) Define Victim
 - (d) Define Warrant Case
 - (e) Define Offence
 - (f) What do you mean by Investigation?
 - (g) What do you mean by Adoption?
 - (h) Who is a Probation Officer?
 - (i) Define Fit Person
 - (j) Define Special Home.

2. Write short notes on any four of the following :— 20
 - (a) When search warrant may be issued?
 - (b) Procedure for recording of Confession and Statement by Magistrate
 - (c) Victim Compensation Scheme
 - (d) Compounding of Offences
 - (e) Plea-Bargaining
 - (f) Trial of Summons Case by Magistrate.

3. Situational problems (any two) :— 12
 - (A) A is tried for an offence of attempt to murder of 'B' punishable under sec. 307 of I.P. C. and is acquitted.
 - (i) To which Court an appeal shall lie against the above order?
 - (ii) Can 'B' prefer an appeal against the said order?
 - (B) 'A' is accused of an act which may amount to theft or receiving stolen property or criminal breach of trust or cheating.
 - (i) In the case mentioned 'A' is charged only with theft. It appears that he committed the offence of criminal breach of trust. Can 'A' be convicted for criminal breach of trust?
 - (ii) In the case mentioned 'A' is charged only with theft. It appears that he committed the offence of receiving stolen goods. Can 'A' be convicted for receiving stolen goods?

- (C) (i) 'A' is accused of murder of 'B' at a given time and place. While framing the charge will it be necessary to set out the manner 'A' caused the murder of 'B' ?
(ii) 'A' is accused of giving false evidence at a given time and place. While framing charge will it be necessary to set out that portion of evidence given by 'A' which is alleged to be false ?

4. Answer the following (any four) :—

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- (a) When police may arrest without warrant ?
- (b) Security for good behaviour from suspected persons and habitual offenders.
- (c) Discuss the essential ingredients of Charge in a Criminal Trial.
- (d) When Bail may be taken in case of Non-Bailable offences ?
- (e) State the powers of Court to release certain Offenders on Probation of Good Conduct with reference to Probation of Offenders Act, 1958 ?
- (f) State the Constitution and Powers of child welfare committee with reference to Juvenile Justice (care and protection of children) Act, 2000.