

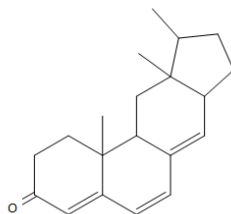
(Time: Three Hours)

(Marks: 80)

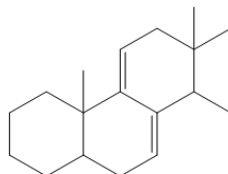
Please check whether you have got the right question paper

- N.B. (1) **All** questions are **compulsory**
 (2) **Figures** to the **right** indicate full marks
 (3) Answer **all** the sub-questions **together** and in **order**
 (4) **Spectral** correlation **tables provided** with question paper are **allowed**

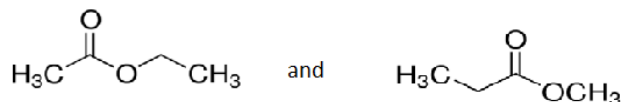
- Q.1. (a) Answer any four questions (1 mark each) 4**
 i. Predict m/z of molecular ion of ethyl chloride
 ii. Predict the base peak for n-propanol
 iii. Give the number of signals in ^{13}C NMR of 1,4-dimethyl benzene
 iv. State an example of a molecule containing D_2O exchangeable protons
 v. Calculate index of hydrogen deficiency for $\text{C}_7\text{H}_4\text{Cl}_2\text{O}$
 vi. Predict the number of signals in ^1H NMR of $\text{CH}_3\text{-CH}_2\text{-C}\equiv\text{C-CH}_2\text{-CH}_3$
(b) Answer any eight questions (2 marks each) 16
 i. Predict UV λ_{max} of:



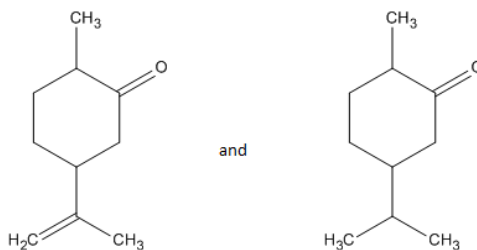
- ii. Predict UV λ_{max} of:



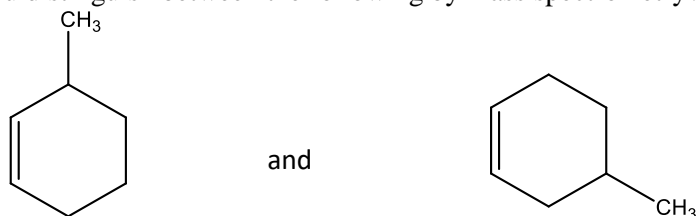
- iii. How will you distinguish between the following by ^1H NMR spectroscopy?



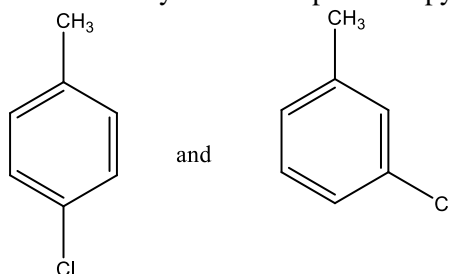
- iv. How you will distinguish between the following by IR spectroscopy? Give distinguishing spectral data.



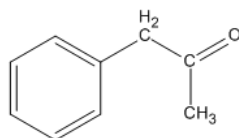
- v. How will you distinguish between the following by mass spectrometry?



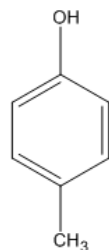
- vi. How will you distinguish between by ¹³C NMR spectroscopy



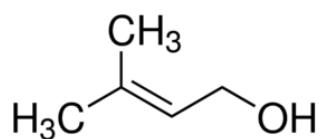
- vi. Depict one fragmentation pathway for:



- viii. Predict ¹H NMR spectrum of the following giving δ value, splitting pattern and ratio of proton intensity. Do not give ranges



- ix. Predict the IR spectrum of:

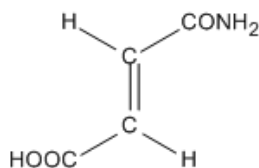


- x. A compound with molecular formula C₃H₆O gives bands at 2944 and 1710 cm⁻¹ in IR spectrum Predict its structure and justify your answer.

Q.2. **Answer any five questions (8 marks each)**

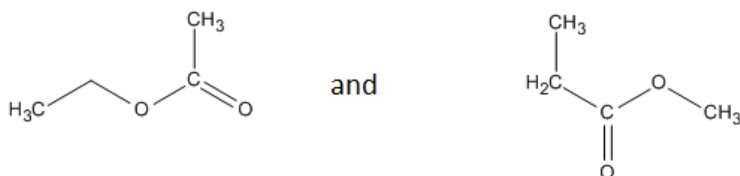
40

- a. Predict IR spectrum, ¹³C NMR and ¹H NMR spectrum of :

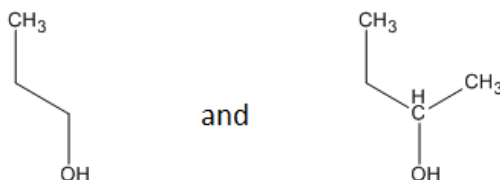


- b. How will you distinguish between following compounds using any one spectral technique. Give distinguishing spectral characteristics. If mass spectrometry is used one fragmentation pathway has to be depicted

i.



ii.



- c. An organic compound with molecular weight 120 has the following spectral characteristics:

IR: 3062-2907, 1608, 1473 cm^{-1}

$^1\text{H NMR}$: δ 7.2 (s, 10.4sq), 2.26(s, 3.1sq)

Deduce the structure and justify your answer. Predict the $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ of the compound.

- d. A compound with molecular formula $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_3\text{S}$ has the following spectral characteristics:

IR: 3050, 1600, 1315, 1175 cm^{-1}

$^1\text{HNMR}$: δ 1.3(t, 3H), 2.4(s, 3H), 4.1(q, 2H), 7.1-7.8(dd, 4H)

Deduce the structure and justify your answer. Depict one fragmentation pathway for this compound

- e. A hydrocarbon with molecular formula $\text{C}_8\text{H}_{18}\text{O}$ shows the following spectral characteristics:

$^1\text{H NMR}$: δ 1.0 (t, 3H), 1.5 (m, 4H), 3.5 (t, 2H)

$^{13}\text{C NMR}$: 14.2 (q), 20.9 (t), 29.5 (t), 54.2 (t)

Deduce the structure of the compound and justify your answer. Depict one fragmentation pathway for this compound

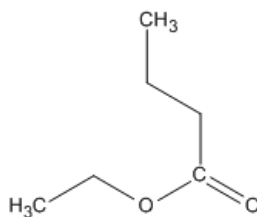
- f. A compound with MW 119 has following spectral characteristics:

IR: 3500, 3350 and 1608 cm^{-1}

$^1\text{H NMR}$: δ 1.1 (d, 18.1 sq), 1.5(bs, 12.5sq., D_2O exchangeable), 3.6(m, 5.9 sq.), 7.29 (m, 29.7sq.).

Deduce the structure and predict $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ for the same

- g. Predict IR and $^1\text{H NMR}$ of the following compound. Depict two fragmentation pathways for this compound one involving fission and the other rearrangement.

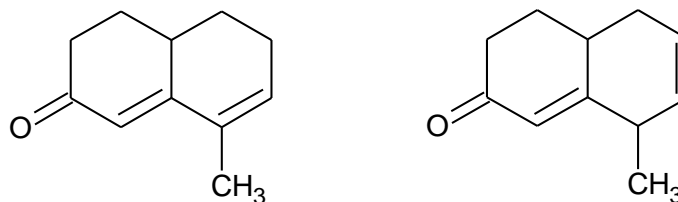


Q.3.

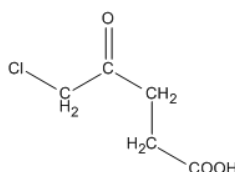
Answer any five questions (4 marks each)

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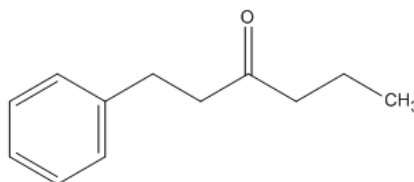
- a. Distinguish between the following using a suitable spectral technique



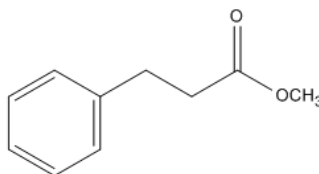
- b. A compound with molecular formula $C_4H_7BrO_2$ has the following spectral characteristics:
 1H NMR: δ 1.1 (t, 3H), 2.1 (m, 2H), 4.3(t, 1H), 11.2(s, 1H)
 Predict its structure and justify your answer
- c. A compound with molecular weight 140 shows following spectral characteristics:
 IR bands at 2960, 2200, 1720 cm^{-1}
 ^{13}C NMR: 13.5(q), 18.2 (t), 21.9 (t), 29.3 (t), 52.8 (q), 72.9 (s), 89.8 (s), 150.4 (s)
 Predict its structure and justify your answer.
- d. A compound with molecular formula $C_5H_6O_3$ has following spectral characteristics:
 1H NMR: δ 2.2 (d, 2H), 2.5 (m, 1H), 1.2 (d, 3H)
 IR: 2931, 1820, 1790 and 1100 cm^{-1}
 Deduce its structure and justify your answer.
- e. Predict the IR and 1H NMR of the structure given below and justify your answer



- f. Predict the IR and ^{13}C NMR spectra for:



- g. Depict two fragmentation pathways for:



SPECTRAL CORRELATION TABLES

Chemical Shifts for Methylene Groups Attached to Two Functional Groups (Y-CH₂-Z)

GROUP	-Cl	-C(=O)	-OC	-F	-O-	-O-	-O-	-NH	-I	-OH	-OR	-OPh	-OC(=O)R	-Cl-O-R	-Cl-O-Ph	-Cl-O-R	-Cl-O-R	-Cl-O-NR ₂	-ON	-NR ₂	-NHC(=O)R	-N-	-R	
-Cl	1.17	1.90	2.14	2.55	1.91	1.84	3.23	3.33	3.30	3.70	3.40		4.25	2.47		2.25	2.23		2.63					2.55
		2.60	3.39	3.30			3.93	3.87		3.26	3.06	3.93	3.83	2.40	2.54	2.25	2.29	2.40	2.27	2.97	2.67	2.67	2.34	
-C(=O)		2.87	2.39	3.40	2.76	2.69	4.08	3.88	3.37	4.19	3.91	4.78	4.48	3.28	3.38	3.10	3.74	3.25	3.13	3.82	3.52	3.19		
							4.09	3.90					4.71						3.50					
-OC		3.11	3.52	2.88	2.81	4.20	4.00	3.49	4.28	4.03	4.90	4.90	3.37	3.51	3.22	3.26	3.37	3.24	3.24	3.97	3.67	3.31		
-Ph		3.27			3.50	4.20	4.35			4.70	3.91	5.08	3.35			3.40		3.65	3.48					3.48
					3.93	3.29	3.72	4.61	4.41	3.90	4.58	4.44	5.21	5.21	3.78	3.92	3.63	3.66	3.78	3.65	4.34	4.04		3.72
-CF ₃				2.63	2.58	3.97	3.76	3.26	4.01	3.80	4.47	4.57	3.12	3.28	2.99	3.03	3.12	3.01	3.71	3.41	3.01			3.01
-CF ₂				3.51	3.90	3.70	3.19	3.93	3.58	4.73	4.80	4.54	3.07	3.21	2.97	2.96	3.07	2.94	3.07	2.94	3.64	3.34		3.01
-Cl				4.99	5.16	4.99			3.40							4.05	4.17	4.07						
				5.29	5.09	4.58	5.32	5.12	5.99	5.89	4.46	4.60	4.40	4.31	4.35	4.46	4.37	5.19						4.40
-Br				4.89	4.58	5.12	4.92	5.79	6.36	5.69	4.26	3.40	4.31	4.15	4.26	4.13	4.83	4.53	4.53	4.20				4.20
-I				3.90																				
				3.87	4.61	4.41	3.18	3.06	3.75	3.89	3.60					3.64	3.73	3.62	4.32	4.02	3.69			
-OH				4.55																				
				4.35	4.17	6.05	3.95	4.49	4.63	3.34	4.38	4.49	4.13	4.20	4.29	4.15	4.94	4.84	4.84	4.84	4.84	4.84	4.84	4.84
-OR				4.95	3.8	3.72	4.29	4.43	4.32	4.18	4.45													
-OPh				6.69	6.39	5.16	5.30	5.09	4.42	4.42	5.20	4.91	3.95	5.10	4.92	5.63	5.37	5.00						
-OC(=O)R				6.46	5.10	5.20	4.91	3.95	5.10	4.92	5.63	5.37	5.00											
-Cl-O-R				3.63	3.77	3.48	3.62	3.63	3.30	4.20	3.90	3.57												
-Cl-O-Ph				3.91	3.62	3.66	3.77	3.64	4.34	4.02	3.71													
-Cl(=O)OR				3.33	3.37	3.48	3.35	4.05	3.75	3.42														
-Cl(=O)NR ₂				3.30	3.41	3.52	3.39	4.09	3.79	3.46														
-ON				3.53	3.50	4.20	3.90	3.57																
-NR ₂				3.10	3.37	4.07	3.77	3.44																
-NHC(=O)R				4.75	4.45	4.14																		
-N-				4.15	3.84																			
-SR				3.51																				

TURN OVER

CHARACTERISTIC INFRARED ABSORPTIONS OF FUNCTIONAL GROUPS†

2.

CHARACTERISTIC INFRARED ABSORPTIONS OF FUNCTIONAL GROUPS†

2.

Group	Range, μ	Intensity	Range, cm^{-1}	
Alkene, disubstituted, gem	~665	(m)	~1633	
	~579	(m)	~1669	
	~377	(w)	~1669	
	~606	(w)	~1655	
Alkene, tetrasubstituted	~625	(w)	~1600	
	~47-76	(m)	2140-2100	
Alkyne, monosubstituted	4.02-4.57	(v, w)	2260-2190	
	~351	(v, w)	~1960	
Alkyne, disubstituted	~214	(m)	~1080	
	~625	(v)	~1600	
Alkyne	~613	(v)	~1580	
	~668	(m)	~1500	
and	~679	(m)	~1450	
Aromatic				
K. Carbonyl stretching vibrations				
	1. Ketone stretching vibrations			
	a. Saturated, cyclic	5.80-5.87	(s)	1725-1705
	b. Saturated, cyclic	5.90-5.97	(s)	1725-1705
	c. Saturated, ring (and higher)	5.71-5.75	(s)	1750-1740
	d. Saturated, ring	~5.87	(s)	~1775
	e. β -Unsaturated, cyclic	5.94-6.01	(s)	1685-1665
	f. α,β -Unsaturated, cyclic	~5.94	(s)	~1685
	g. α,β -Unsaturated, cyclic	5.80-5.85	(s)	1715-1705
	h. α,β -Unsaturated, cyclic	5.79-6.01	(s)	1670-1665
	i. α,β -Unsaturated, cyclic	5.89-5.95	(s)	1700-1680
	j. α,β -Unsaturated, cyclic	5.99-6.02	(s)	1670-1660
	k. α,β -Unsaturated, cyclic	5.78-5.83	(s)	1730-1710
	l. α,β -Unsaturated, cyclic	6.10-6.50	(s)	1640-1540
	m. α,β -Unsaturated, cyclic	5.92-6.02	(s)	1690-1640
	n. α,β -Unsaturated, cyclic	~4.85	(s)	~2150
2. Aldehyde				
a. Carbonyl stretching vibrations				
b. Saturated, aliphatic	5.75-5.81	(s)	1740-1720	
c. β -Unsaturated, aliphatic	5.87-5.95	(s)	1705-1680	
d. α,β -Unsaturated, aliphatic	5.85-5.92	(s)	1680-1650	
e. α,β -Unsaturated, aliphatic	5.83-5.90	(s)	1715-1695	
f. α,β -Unsaturated, aliphatic	5.83-5.90	(s)	1715-1695	
g. α,β -Unsaturated, aliphatic	5.83-5.90	(s)	1715-1695	
h. α,β -Unsaturated, aliphatic	5.83-5.90	(s)	1715-1695	
3. Ester stretching vibrations				
a. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
b. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
c. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
d. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
e. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
f. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
g. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
h. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
i. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
j. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
k. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
l. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
m. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
n. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
o. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
p. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
q. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
r. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
s. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
t. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
u. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
v. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
w. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
x. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
y. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	
z. Saturated, cyclic	5.71-5.76	(s)	1750-1735	

Abbreviations: s = strong, m = medium, w = weak, v = variable, ~ = uncertain, ~ = in doubt, ~ = approximately

Group	Range, μ	Intensity	Range, cm^{-1}	
L. Hydrocarbon chromosomes				
	1. C-H stretching			
	a. Alkane	3.38-3.57	(m-4)	2963-3003
	b. Alkene, monosubstituted (viny)	3.28-3.37	(m)	3000-3016
	c. Alkene, monosubstituted (viny)	3.28-3.37	(m)	3000-3016
	d. Alkene, monosubstituted (viny)	3.28-3.37	(m)	3000-3016
	e. Alkene, monosubstituted (viny)	3.28-3.37	(m)	3000-3016
	f. Alkene, monosubstituted (viny)	3.28-3.37	(m)	3000-3016
	g. Alkene, monosubstituted (viny)	3.28-3.37	(m)	3000-3016
	h. Alkene, monosubstituted (viny)	3.28-3.37	(m)	3000-3016
	i. Alkene, monosubstituted (viny)	3.28-3.37	(m)	3000-3016
	j. Alkene, monosubstituted (viny)	3.28-3.37	(m)	3000-3016
	k. Alkene, monosubstituted (viny)	3.28-3.37	(m)	3000-3016
	l. Alkene, monosubstituted (viny)	3.28-3.37	(m)	3000-3016
	m. Alkene, monosubstituted (viny)	3.28-3.37	(m)	3000-3016
2. C-H bending				
a. Alkane, C-H	~7.46	(w)	~1340	
b. Alkane, C-H	6.74-6.92	(m)	1455-1440	
c. Alkane, C-H	6.80-7.00	(m)	1470-1430	
d. Alkane, C-H	7.25-7.30	(s)	1380-1370	
e. Alkane, C-H	7.22-7.25	(s)	1380-1380	
f. Alkane, C-H	7.30-7.33	(s)	1370-1365	
g. Alkane, C-H	7.17-7.22	(m)	1385-1385	
h. Alkane, C-H	~7.33	(s)	~1365	
i. Alkane, C-H	10.05-10.15	(s)	995-985	
j. Alkane, C-H	10.93-11.05	(s)	915-925	
k. Alkane, C-H	7.04-7.09	(s)	1420-1410	
l. Alkane, C-H	~14.5	(s)	~690	
m. Alkane, C-H	10.31-10.42	(s)	970-960	
n. Alkane, C-H	7.64-7.72	(m)	1310-1295	
o. Alkane, C-H	~14.5	(s)	~690	
p. Alkane, C-H	11.17-11.30	(s)	895-885	
q. Alkane, C-H	7.04-7.09	(s)	1420-1410	
r. Alkane, C-H	11.90-12.66	(s)	840-790	
s. Alkane, C-H	~15.9	(s)	~630	
t. Alkane, C-H	~13.3	(v, s)	~750	
u. Alkane, C-H	~14.3	(v, s)	~700	
v. Alkane, C-H	~13.3	(v, s)	~750	
w. Alkane, C-H	~12.8	(v, m)	~780	
x. Alkane, C-H	~12.0	(v, w)	~830	
y. Alkane, C-H	~11.3	(v, w)	~880	
z. Alkane, C-H	5.95-6.17	(v)	1680-1620	
3. C-C multiple bond stretching				
a. Alkene, monosubstituted (viny)	~6.08	(m)	~1645	
b. Alkene, monosubstituted (viny)	~6.03	(m)	~1655	
c. Alkene, monosubstituted (viny)	~5.97	(m)	~1675	

Abbreviations: s = strong, m = medium, w = weak, v = variable, ~ = uncertain, ~ = in doubt, ~ = approximately

TURN OVER

CHARACTERISTIC INFRARED ABSORPTIONS OF FUNCTIONAL GROUPS

Group	Range, cm^{-1}	Intensity	Range, cm^{-1}	Intensity
Unsaturated vinyl ether type	3.56-5.65	(s)	1800-1770	(s)
α,β -unsaturated aldehyde	5.78-5.82	(s)	1730-1717	(s)
α,β -unsaturated ketone	5.78-5.82	(s)	1730-1717	(s)
α,β -unsaturated lactone	5.65-5.75	(s)	1760-1740	(s)
β,γ -unsaturated lactone	5.56	(s)	~1800	(s)
α,β -Ketoesters	5.70-5.75	(s)	1750-1740	(s)
α,β -Ketoesters (enol)	6.06	(s)	~1850	(s)
Carbonates	5.62-5.75	(s)	1785-1740	(s)
CARBOXYLIC ACIDS				
a. Carbonyl stretching vibrations saturated aliphatic	5.80-5.88	(s)	1715-1700	(s)
α,β -unsaturated aliphatic aryl	5.83-5.92	(s)	1715-1690	(s)
	5.83-5.95	(s)	1700-1680	(s)
b. Hydroxyl stretching (bonded); several bands	3.70-4.00	(w)	2700-2500	(w)
	6.21-6.45	(s)	1610-1550	(s)
c. Carbonylate anion stretching	7.15-7.69	(s)	1400-1300	(s)
ANHYDRIDE STRETCHING VIBRATIONS				
a. Saturated, acyclic	5.41-5.56	(s)	1830-1800	(s)
	5.59-5.75	(s)	1790-1740	(s)
	5.47-5.62	(s)	1830-1780	(s)
b. α,β -Unsaturated; aryl; acyclic	5.65-5.81	(s)	1770-1720	(s)
	5.35-5.49	(s)	1870-1820	(s)
c. Saturated; 5-membered ring	5.41-5.56	(s)	1800-1750	(s)
	5.47-5.62	(s)	1830-1780	(s)
ACYL HALIDE STRETCHING VIBRATIONS				
a. Acyl fluorides	~5.41	(s)	~1850	(s)
b. Acyl chlorides	~5.57	(s)	~1795	(s)
c. Acyl bromides	~5.53	(s)	~1810	(s)
d. α,β -Unsaturated aryl-aryl	5.61-5.72	(s)	1780-1750	(s)
	5.72-5.82	(m)	1750-1720	(m)
e. COF ₂	5.19	(s)	1928	(s)
f. COCl ₂	5.47	(s)	1828	(s)
g. COBr ₂	5.47	(s)	1828	(s)
AMIDES				
a. Carbonyl stretching vibrations solution	~6.06	(s)	~1650	(s)
Primary, dilute solution	~5.92	(s)	~1690	(s)
Secondary, solid and concentrated solution	5.95-6.14	(s)	1630-1630	(s)
Tertiary, dilute solution	5.88-5.99	(s)	1700-1670	(s)
Tertiary, solid and all solutions	5.99-6.24	(s)	1670-1630	(s)
Cyclic, β -lactams, dilute solution	~5.95	(s)	~1680	(s)
Cyclic, γ -lactams, dilute solution	~5.88	(s)	~1700	(s)

CHARACTERISTIC INFRARED ABSORPTIONS OF FUNCTIONAL GROUPS

Group	Range, cm^{-1}	Intensity	Range, cm^{-1}	Intensity
Cyclic, γ -lactams, fused to another ring, dilute solution	5.71-5.88	(s)	1750-1700	(s)
Cyclic, β -lactams, dilute solution	5.68-5.78	(s)	1760-1720	(s)
Cyclic, β -lactams, fused to another ring, dilute solution	5.02-5.65	(s)	1780-1770	(s)
Ureas, acyclic	~6.02	(s)	~1660	(s)
Ureas, cyclic, 6-membered ring	~6.10	(s)	~1640	(s)
Ureas, cyclic, 5-membered ring	~5.81	(s)	~1730	(s)
Urethanes	5.75-5.92	(s)	1740-1690	(s)
Imides, acyclic	~5.85	(s)	~1710	(s)
	and ~5.88	(s)	and ~1700	(s)
	and ~5.85	(s)	and ~1710	(s)
Imides, cyclic, 6-membered ring	~5.78	(s)	~1730	(s)
Imides, cyclic, α,β -unsaturated; 6-membered ring	and ~5.99	(s)	and ~1670	(s)
	and ~5.65	(s)	and ~1770	(s)
	and ~5.88	(s)	and ~1700	(s)
Imides, cyclic, α,β -unsaturated; 5-membered ring	~5.59	(s)	~1790	(s)
	and ~5.85	(s)	and ~1710	(s)
N-H Stretching vibrations				
a. Primary, free; two bands	~2.86	(m)	~3500	(m)
	~2.94	(m)	~3400	(m)
	~2.99	(m)	~3350	(m)
Primary, bonded; two bands	~3.15	(m)	~3180	(m)
	~2.92	(m)	~3430	(m)
Secondary, free; one band	3.0-3.2	(m)	3330-3140	(m)
Secondary, bonded; one band				
c. N-H Bending vibrations				
Primary amides, dilute solution	6.17-6.29	(s)	1620-1590	(s)
Secondary amides, dilute solution	6.45-6.62	(s)	1550-1510	(s)
Miscellaneous chromophoric groups				
1. ALCOHOLS AND PHENOLS				
a. O-H Stretching vibrations Free O-H	2.74-2.79	(v. sh)	3650-3590	(v. sh)
Intermolecularly hydrogen bonded (change on dilution)				
single bridge compounds	2.82-2.90	(v. sh)	3550-3450	(v. sh)
polymeric association	2.94-3.13	(s, b)	3400-3200	(s, b)
intramolecularly hydrogen bonded (no change on dilution)				
single bridge compounds	2.80-2.90	(v. sh)	3570-3490	(v. sh)
chelate compounds	3.1-4.0	(v. b)	3200-2500	(v. b)

† Abbreviations: s = strong, m = medium, w = weak, v = variable, b = broad, sh = sharp, ~ = approximately

TURN OVER

CHARACTERISTIC INFRARED ABSORPTIONS OF FUNCTIONAL GROUPS

Group	Range, μ	Intensity	Range, cm^{-1}
1. O—H Bending and C—O stretching vibrations			
Primary alcohols	and -9.5 7.4-7.9	(s)	-1050 1350-1260
Secondary alcohols	and -9.1 7.4-7.9	(s)	-1100 1350-1260
Tertiary alcohols	and -8.7 7.1-7.6	(s)	-1150 1410-1310
Phenols	and -8.3 7.1-7.6	(s)	-1200 1410-1310
2. AMINES			
a. N—H Stretching vibrations			
Primary, free; two bands	and -7.86 -7.94	(m)	-3500 -3400
Secondary, free; one band	2.86-3.02	(m)	3400-3310
Imines (=N—H); one band	2.94-3.03	(m)	3400-3300
Amine salts	3.2-3.3	(m)	3130-3030
b. N—H Bending vibrations			
Primary	6.06-6.29	(s-m)	1650-1590
Secondary	6.06-6.45	(w)	1650-1550
Amine salts	6.25-6.35	(s)	1600-1575
and	-6.67	(s)	-1500
c. C—N Vibrations			
Aromatic, primary	7.46-8.00	(s)	1340-1250
Aromatic, secondary	7.41-7.81	(s)	1350-1280
Aromatic, tertiary	7.36-7.64	(s)	1360-1310
Aliphatic	8.2-9.3	(w)	1220-1020
and	-7.1	(w)	-1410
3. UNSATURATED NITROGEN COMPOUNDS			
a. C≡N Stretching vibrations			
Alkyl nitriles	4.2-4.46	(m)	2260-2240
α,β -Unsaturated alkyl nitriles	4.47-4.51	(m)	2235-2215
Aryl nitriles	4.46-4.50	(m)	2240-2220
Isoocyanates	4.40-4.46	(m)	2275-2240
Isoocyanides	4.50-4.83	(m)	2220-2070
b. C=N— Stretching vibrations (imines, oximes)			
Alkyl compounds	5.92-6.10	(v)	1600-1640
α,β -Unsaturated compounds	6.02-6.14	(v)	1650-1650
c. —N=N— Stretching vibrations, azo compounds			
—N=C=N— Stretching vibrations, diazides	6.14-6.35	(v)	1630-1575
—N=N— Stretching vibrations, azides	4.64-4.70	(s)	2155-2130
and	4.63-4.72	(s)	2160-2120
and	7.46-8.48	(w)	1340-1180

TURN OVER

CHARACTERISTIC INFRARED ABSORPTIONS OF FUNCTIONAL GROUPS

Group	Range, μ	Intensity	Range, cm^{-1}
f. C—NO₂, Nitro compounds; aromatic			
	and 6.37-4.67 7.30-7.70	(s)	1570-1500
aliphatic	and 5.37-6.45 7.25-7.30	(s)	1370-1300
	and 6.06-6.25 7.70-8.00	(s)	1570-1590
g. O—NO₂, Nitrates	and 6.35-6.67 5.95-6.06	(s)	1650-1600
	and 6.15-6.21	(s)	1600-1500
h. C—NO, Nitroso compounds		(s)	1680-1650
i. O—NO, Nitrites		(s)	1625-1610
4. HALOGEN COMPOUNDS, C—X STRETCHING VIBRATIONS			
a. C—F	7.1-10.0	(s)	1400-1000
b. C—Cl	12.5-16.6	(s)	800-600
c. C—Br	16.6-20.0	(s)	600-500
d. C—I	-20	(s)	-500
5. SULFUR COMPOUNDS			
a. S—H Stretching vibrations			
b. C—S Stretching vibrations	3.85-3.92	(w)	2600-2550
c. S=O Stretching vibrations; sulfoxides	8.33-9.52	(s)	1200-1050
	9.35-9.71	(s)	1070-1030
	8.62-8.72	(s)	1160-1140
	and 7.81-7.69	(s)	1350-1300
	8.13-8.70	(s)	1230-1150
	and 7.00-7.41	(s)	1430-1350
	8.44-8.59	(s)	1185-1165
d. S—N Stretching vibrations; sulfonamides	and 7.30-7.46	(s)	1370-1340
	8.48-8.77	(s)	1180-1140
e. S=O Stretching vibrations; sulfonic acids	and 7.41-7.69	(s)	1350-1300
	8.27-8.70	(s)	1210-1150
	9.43-9.71	(s)	1060-1030
	and -15.4	(s)	-650

f Abbreviations: s = strong, m = medium, w = weak, v = variable, b = broad, sh = sharp, — = approximately

Proton Chemical Shifts (Values are given on the officially approved δ scale; $\tau = 10.00 - \delta$)

Substituent Group	Methyl Protons	Methylene Protons	Methine Protons
HC-C-CH ₃	0.95	1.20	1.55
HC-C-NR ₂	1.05	1.45	1.70
HC-C-C=C	1.00	1.35	1.70
HC-C-C=O	1.05	1.55	1.95
HC-C-NR ₂ Ar	1.10	1.50	1.80
HC-C-NH(C=O)R	1.10	1.50	1.90
HC-C-(C=O)NR ₂	1.10	1.50	1.80
HC-C-(C=O)Ar	1.15	1.55	1.90
HC-C-(C=O)OR	1.15	1.70	1.90
HC-C-Ar	1.15	1.55	1.80
HC-C-OH (and OR)	1.20	1.50	1.75
HC-C-C=CR	1.20	1.50	1.80
HC-C-C≡N	1.25	1.65	2.00
HC-C-SR	1.25	1.60	2.00
HC-C-OAr	1.30	1.55	2.00
HC-C-O(C=O)R	1.30	1.60	1.80
HC-C-SH	1.30	1.60	1.80
HC-C-(S=O)R and -SO ₂ R	1.35	1.70	1.85
HC-C-NR ₂	1.40	1.75	2.05
HC-C-O(C=O)CF ₃	1.40	1.65	1.95
HC-C-Cl	1.55	1.80	1.95
HC-C-O(C=O)Ar	1.65	1.85	1.90
HC-C-Br	1.80	1.85	1.90
HC-CH ₂	0.90	1.30	1.50
HC-C=C	1.60	2.05	2.85
HC-(C=O)R (and NR ₂)	1.70	2.20	2.80
HC-SR	2.00	2.25	2.50
HC-O-O	2.05	2.55	3.00
HC-(C=O)R	2.10	2.30	2.55
HC-C≡N	2.10	2.35	2.65
HC-CHO	2.15	2.45	2.90
HC-Ar (and NR ₂)	2.20	2.40	2.90
HC-SSR	2.25	2.45	2.85
HC-(C=O)Ar	2.25	2.70	3.40
HC-SAr	2.40	2.70	3.40
HC-NR ₂ Ar	2.40	3.10	3.60
HC-SO ₂ R and -(SO)R	2.60	3.05	3.60
HC-Br	2.70	3.40	4.10
HC-NR ₂	2.95	3.10	3.60
HC-NH(C=O)R	2.95	3.35	3.85
HC-Cl	3.05	3.45	4.05
HC-OH and -OR	3.20	3.40	3.60
HC-NH ₂	3.50	3.75	4.05
HC-O(C=O)R	3.65	4.10	4.95
HC-OAr	3.80	4.00	4.60
HC-O(C=O)Ar	3.80	4.20	5.05


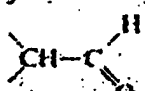
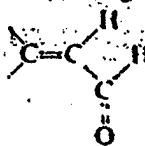



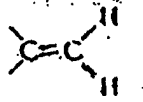

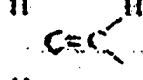

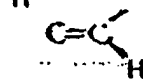
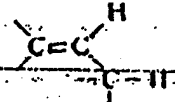
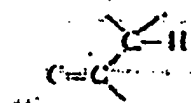
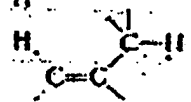
Substituent Group	Methyl Protons	Methylene Protons	Methine Protons
HC-F	4.25	4.50	4.80
HC-NO ₂	4.30	4.55	4.60
Cyclopropane		0.20	0.40
Cyclobutane		2.45	
Cyclopentane		1.65	
Cyclohexane		1.50	1.80
Cycloheptane		1.25	
Substituent Group	Proton Shift	Substituent Group	Proton Shift
HC≡CH	2.35	HO-C=O	10-12
HC≡CAr	2.90	HO-SO ₂	11-12
HC≡C-C=C	2.75	HO-Ar	4.5-6.5
HAr	7.20	HS-Ar	0.5-4.5
HCO-O	8.1	HS-R	2.8-3.6
HCO-R	9.4-10.0	HN-Ar	1-2
HCO-Ar	9.7-10.5	HN-R	3-6
HO-N=C(O)R (amide)	9-12	HN-R	0.5-5

¹³C Chemical Shifts (Values given on the δ scale, relative to TMS.)

Substituent Group	Primary Carbon	Secondary Carbon	Tertiary Carbon	Quaternary Carbon
Alkanes				
C-C=C	-20 to 30	25 to 45	30 to 60	35 to 70
C-O	40 to 60	40 to 70	60 to 75	70 to 85
C-N	20 to 45	40 to 60	50 to 70	65 to 75
C-S	10 to 30	25 to 45	40 to 55	55 to 70
C-Halide	-37 to 35	-10 to 45	30 to 65	45 to 75
	(I) (Cl)	(I) (Cl)	(I) (Cl)	(I) (Cl)
Substituent Group	Primary Carbon	Secondary Carbon	Tertiary Carbon	Quaternary Carbon
Alkenes	70 to 100	Isocyanides		130 to 150
Alkynes	110 to 150	Carbonates		150 to 160
Aromatics	110 to 135	Carbamates		155 to 165
C-substituted	125 to 145	Ureas		150 to 170
Heteroaromatics	115 to 140	Thioureas		165 to 185
C- α	135 to 155	Esters, Anhydrides		150 to 175
Cyanates	105 to 120	Amides		160 to 180
Isocyanates	115 to 135	Acids, Acyl chlorides		160 to 185
Thiocyanates	110 to 120	Aldehydes		175 to 205
Isothiocyanates	120 to 140	Ketones		175 to 225
Cyanides	110 to 130			

TURN OVER

SPIN-SPIN COUPLING CONSTANTS

Type	J, cps	Type	J, cps
H_2^+	280	$C-CH=CH-C$	9-13
CH_2^+	12.4	$H-C\equiv C-H^+$	9.1
	12-15	$CH-C\equiv C-H$	2-3
$CH-CH$	2.9		1-3
$-C-(C)_n-C-$	-0		6-8
CH_2-CH_2-X	6.5-7.5		<i>o</i> - 6-9 <i>m</i> - 1-3 <i>p</i> - 0-1
$CH-N$	5.5-7.0		<i>o</i> β 1.6-2.0 <i>o</i> β' 0.6-1.0 <i>o</i> α 1.3-1.8 <i>o</i> β'' 3.2-3.8
CH_2	<i>a,a</i> 5-10 <i>a,c</i> 2-4 <i>c,c</i> 2-4		<i>o</i> β 2.0-2.6 <i>o</i> β' 1.5-2.2 <i>o</i> α 1.8-2.3 <i>o</i> β'' 2.8-4.0
	0.5-3		<i>o</i> β 4.6-5.8 <i>o</i> β' 1.0-1.8 <i>o</i> α 2.1-3.3 <i>o</i> β'' 3.0-4.2
	7-12		<i>o</i> β 4.9-5.7 <i>o</i> γ 1.6-2.6
	13-18		<i>o</i> β' 0.7-1.1 <i>o</i> α 0.2-0.5 <i>o</i> γ 7.2-8.5 <i>o</i> β'' 1.4-1.9
	4-10		
	<i>o</i> β' 0.5-2.5		
	-0		

TURN OVER

Conjugated dienes & Trienes, Solvent: Ethanol

Parent value for Butadiene system or acyclic conjugated diene	217 nm
Acyclic triene	245 nm
Homoannular conjugated diene	253 nm
Heteroannular conjugated diene	215 nm
Increment for each substituents	
Alkyl substituents or ring residue	5 nm
Exocyclic double bond	5 nm
Double bond extending conjugation	30 nm
Auxochrome	
-OR	+6 nm
-SR	+30 nm
-Cl, -Br	+5 nm
NR ₂	+60 nm
-OCOCH ₃	0

Woodward Fieser rules for $\alpha\beta$ -unsaturated carbonyl compounds:-

a) Parent values			
$\alpha\beta$ -unsaturated acyclic or six membered ketone	215 nm		
$\alpha\beta$ -unsaturated five membered ring ketone	202 nm		
$\alpha\beta$ -unsaturated aldehyde	207 nm		
b) Increments			
i) Each alkyl substituents or ring residue			
At α position	10 nm		
At β position	12 nm		
At gamma and higher position	18 nm		
ii) Each exocyclic double bond	5 nm		
iii) Double bond extending conjugation	30 nm		
iv) Homoannular conjugated diene	39 nm		
Auxochromes	Positions		
	α	β	gamma
-OH	35	30	50
-OR	35	30	17
-SR	-	85	-
-OCOCH ₃	6	6	6
-Cl	15	12	-
-Br	25	30	-
-NR ₂	-	95	-