[3 Hours]

[Total Marks : 80]

N.R ·	1	Question no 1 is compulsory
	1.	Question no. 1 is compuisory.

- Attempt any three from remaining question.
 Figures to the right indicate full marks.

1.	Atte	 empt any four questions. (a) Explain the Electrochemical energy convesion ? (b) What are the advantages of Hopkinson's test ? (c) Explain the core losses in transformer. (d) Draw the characteristics of D.C. shunt motor. (e) What is the role of commutator in D.C. machine ? 	5 5 5 5 5 5	
2.	(a)	a) With the help of phasor diagram derive the equation to obtain voltage regulation in single phase transformer		
	(b)	Derive the expression for torque developed in singly excited magnetic field.		
3. (a)		700 kVA single phase transformer with 0.12 p.u. resistance and 0.06 p.u. reactance is connected in parallel with 350kVA transformer with 0.014 p.u. resistance and 0.045 pu reactance to share a load of 850 KVA at 0.7 p.f. lagging. If transformer are having common voltage ratio, calculate load shared by each of them.		
		Explain all day efficiency of transformer.		
4.	(a) (b)	What are the different methods of Electrical braking. Hopkinonsons test of two identical shunt machines gave following results. Input voltage = 400V, Input current = 10A, output current of generator = 100A, field currents are 3A and 4A, Armature resistance of each machine = 0.06 find the efficiency of motor and generator	10 10	
5.	(a)	5KVA, 200/600 V, 50 Hz single phase transformer gave following test result. O.C. test : 200V, 0·9 A, 60W (L.V.) S.C. test : 10V, 6A, 22W (H.V) Calculate (i) Efficency and voltage regulation and full load 0·8. (ii) Efficiency at 25% load at unit p.f.	10	
6	(b) Wri	Draw what is the ned of starter ? Explain 3 point starter.	10	
0.	**11	(a) Speed control of D.C. shunt motor.(b) Doubly excited magnetic field.	10 10	