

- N.B :**
1. Attempt any four questions.
 2. Figures to right indicate full marks.
 3. Assume suitable data if needed.

1. (a) The transfer function of analog filter is given below 10

$$H(s) = \frac{s+0.1}{(s+0.1)^2 + 9}$$

find $H(z)$ using impulse invariance technique. 10

- (b) The transfer function of analog filter is given below

$$H(s) = \frac{5S+1}{S^2 + 0.4S+1}$$

Design the digital IIR filter using BLT with critical frequency 10Hz and sampling frequency 60 Hz 10

2. (a) The transfer function of low pass analog filter is given below 10

$$H(s) = \frac{\Omega_s}{S + \Omega_c}$$

where Ω_c is analog cutoff frequency. Design a digital IIR low pass filter using BLT with a 3-dB bandwidth 0.2π . 10

Assume bandwidth of analog filter = -3dB.

- (b) Explain Butterworth approximation along with response at low pass filter, pole locations & order of a filter. 10

3. (a) State properties of Fourier transform and prove convolution property. 10

- (b) Distinguish between Fourier transform and wavelets. 10

Explain Haar multiresolution analysis.

4. (a) (i) Differentiate between FIR filter & IIR filter. 10

(ii) State properties of autocorrelation & cross correlation.

- (b) Explain frequency domain sampling of Fourier transform. 10

[TURN OVER

5. (a) Explain any one application of DSP in biosignal processing. **10**
- (b) Explain impulse invariance and bilinear transformation with suitable formulas **10**
involved in them.
6. (a) For the following sequence : **10**
{4, 6, 10, 12, 8, 6, 5, 5} obtain a mean & diff. coefficients.
Show that original sequence can be obtained from the coefficients.
- (b) State properties of DFT. Prove any two of them. **10**