## Q.P. Code :18496

		[Time: 3 hours]	Max. Marks:80
1. 2. 3.	Please check whether you Q. No. 1 is compulsory Attempt any three questions from rema Assume any data suitably if not given a	have got the right question paper. ining five questions. nd state it clearly.	
1.	(a) Explain three layered analysis system	m for flexible pavement design.	[05]
	(b) A two- lane two- way carriageway carries a traffic of 2500 cvpd. The rate of traffic is 7.5% per annum. The design life is 15 years. The vehicle damage factor is value of soil is 5%. Calculate the cumulative number of standard axles to be condesign		
	(c) How do flexible pavement undergo	plastic deformation due to wheel load	ling? [05]
	(d) What are the requirements of an air	[05]	
	<ul><li>2 (a) Define vehicle damage factor. Wh its significance in the design of paven</li><li>(b) Explain typical rigid pavement factor.</li></ul>	at are the factors affecting VDF and onent.	explain [10]
3	<ul> <li>(a) Design a cement concrete pavement Design wheel load Present traffic Design life Traffic growth rate Temperature variation Modulus of subgrade reaction Concrete flexural strength Modulus of elasticity Poisson's ratio Coeff. Of thermal expansion</li> </ul>	for the following conditions: = 4100 Kg = 300 cvpd = 20 years = 7% =15°C =8 kg/cm <sup>3</sup> = 40 kg/cm <sup>2</sup> = $3x10^5$ kg/cm <sup>2</sup> = 0.15 = 10 x $10^{-6}$ /°C	[10]
	Refer fig 1, 2 & 3 and Table 1	le navement with next skatches	[10]
	(a) What are the various statistical methods of quality control? Explain any one		[10]
	(a) what are the various statistical field		
	(b) Discuss Benkelman Beam deflection sketches	n method for design of overlays with	neat [10]

4.

5.	(a) What are the advantages and drawbacks of cement concrete road? Explain cement grou		
	and rolled concrete layer and their uses	[10]	
	(b) Explain the mechanism of damage to highways due to faulty drainage.	[10]	
6.	Write short note on :	[20]	

- (a) Pavement management System
- (b) Roads in Marshy Area
- (c) Various tests on BItumen
- (d) Quality Control in Highway Engineering



