QP Code: 76286

[Total Marks: 75

[TURN OVER

	N. E	B.: (1) All questions are compulsory.		
		(2) Use of log tables or non-programmable calculator is		
	•	permitted.		
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1.	Atte	mpt any five of the following	15	
		(a) Explain the terms"primary air pollutants" and "secondary air pollutants"?		
		(b) Discuss the physical and chemical parameters determining the water		
		quality.		
		(c) What are the advantages of useing microwave for chemical synthesis?		
		(d) Give the objectives of environmental audit.		
		(e) What is alloying? Why is it required?		
		(f) Justify - "zone refining is effective method for the purification		
		of solids".		
		(g) What are different parameters used for expressing detergent quality?		
		(h) Discuss classification of pesticides.		
2.	(a)	Explain the West-Gaeke method for the determination of SO ₂ in air.	- 5	
		How can the method be used for monitoring the SO ₂ level in the		
		atmosphere?		
		OR		
	(a) What is "BOD" and "COD" of effluent? How can they be correlated?			
	(b)	What is solid waste management? Give its importance.	- 5	
		OR		
	(b)	With the help of suitable flow diagram, explain industrial effluent	5	
		treatment plant.		
	(c) 200 cm ³ of water sample required 10.6 cm ³ and 2.6 cm ³ of 0.011M			
	EDTA before and after the treatment respectively with an ion exchange			
		resin for removal of hardness. Calculate the hardness removed by the		
		resin in terms of ppm of		
		$CaCO_3$. (At wt $Ca = 40$, $C=12$, $O = 16$)		
3.	(a)	Discuss the steps taken for environmental assessment for petroleum	5	
		industry located near residential areal.		
		OR		

(3 Hours)

	(a)	What is thermal pollution? Explain the role of cooling towers.	5
		What is noise pollution? Why is to taken seriously?	5
	(b)	Why is green chemistm a need of time?	5
	(c)	Calculate the atom economy of acid hydrolysis of methyl acetate considering methanol as main product.	.5
4.	(a)	Attempt any Two of the following (i) Explain opening of galena ore? Describe the method the for	. 10
		determination of lead in galena.	
		(ii) What is the need of the proper sampling in case of economically important ores.	
		(iii) Distinguish between vacuum fusion and vacuum extraction. Give applica. tions of any one of them.	
		(iv) What are the different types of copper based alloys? Discuss the method of estimation of copper in bronze.	
	(b)	A sample of brass was found to contain 18% of Zinc and 41.5% of	5
		copper. 550 mg of sample was dissolved and the resulting solution was diluted to 250 cm ³ , of this 50 cm ³ solution was electrolyzed with	
		platinum electrodes. Calculate the amount of copper deposited on the cathode. (At wt $Cu = 63.5$).	
5.	Att	empt any three of the following	15
		(a) What is the role of binders in paints? Describe methods for binder analysis.	
	٠	(b) Suggest a method for separation and identification of inorganic pigments.	
		(c) How are organochlorine pesticides present in the sample determined?	
		(d) Explain pyrolysis GC with its applications in analysis of polymers with suitable example.	
		(e) Explain the following tern1with respect to petroleum products: (i) Doctor test (ii) Flash point (iii) Fire point	