

Q.P Solution (Model Answer with marking)

Q 1 Compulsory (5x4=20)

- (a) (i) Pure bending ————— 2m } 5m
 (ii) Beam of uniform strength — 3m }
 (Explanation + figures)

- (b) $E = \frac{9KG}{3K+G}$ ——— 2m } 5m
 Explaining terms with units — 3m }

- (c) Assumption theory of simple torsion
 (Name of Assumption) — 1.25 x 4 = 5m

(d) e_v for cylindrical shell

$$e_1 = e_d = \frac{f_1}{E} - \frac{f_2}{mE} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{f_1}{E} - \frac{\nu f_1}{2E} - 1$$

$$e_2 = e_L = \frac{f_2}{E} - \frac{f_1}{mE} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{f_1}{2E} - \frac{\nu f_1}{E} - 1$$

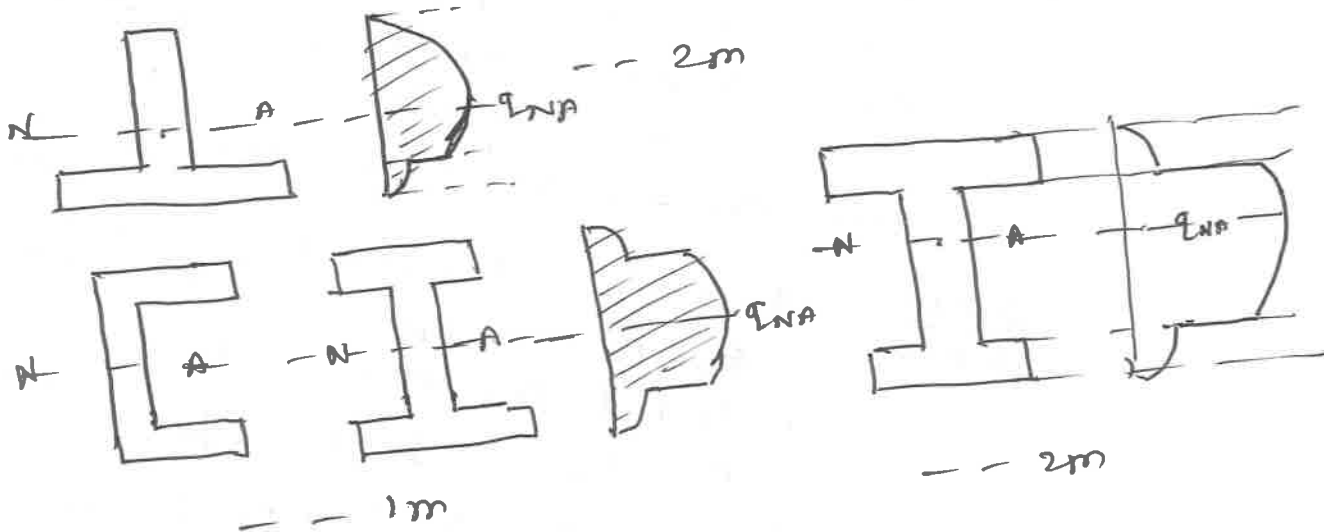
$$e_v = e_L + 2e_d$$

$$e_v = \frac{f_1}{2E} (5-4\nu)$$

$$e_v = \frac{pd}{4tE} (5-4\nu)$$

————— 1
 ————— 1
 ————— 1
 = 3 marks

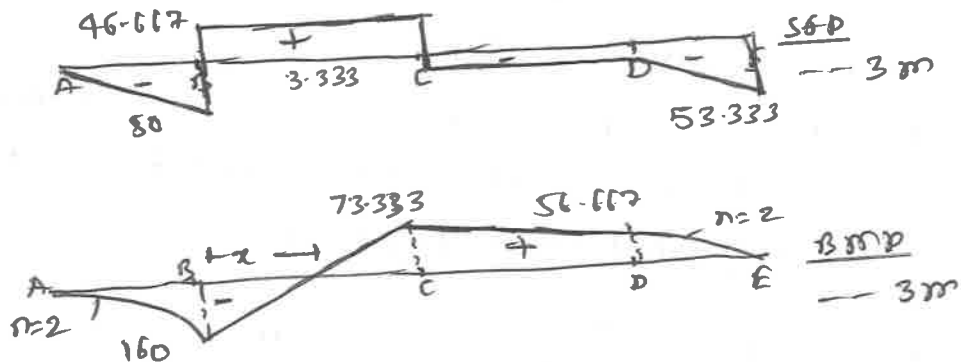
(e) shear stress diagram (2+1+2=5 marks)



277

Q.2(a)
8 marks

$$\begin{aligned} V_B &= 126.667 \text{ kN} (\uparrow) \\ V_E &= 53.333 \text{ kN} (\uparrow) \end{aligned} \quad \left. \vphantom{\begin{aligned} V_B \\ V_E \end{aligned}} \right\} \text{--- } 2 \text{ m}$$



Q.2(b)
6 marks

$$E = \frac{PL}{\Delta A} = 188.628 \times 10^3 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \text{--- } 1 \text{ m}$$

$$e_{\text{long}} = 4.5 \times 10^{-4} \quad \text{--- } 1 \text{ m}$$

$$e_{\text{lat}} = 1.3 \times 10^{-4} \quad \text{--- } 1 \text{ m}$$

$$\nu = \frac{e_{\text{lat}}}{e_{\text{long}}} = 0.289 \quad \text{--- } 1 \text{ m}$$

$$E = 2E_f (1 + \nu)$$

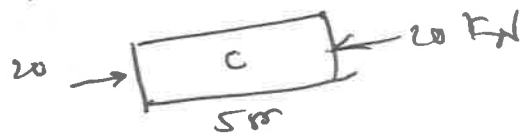
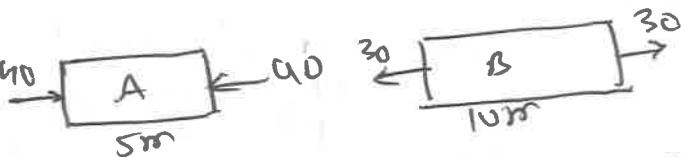
$$G = 73.188 \times 10^3 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \text{--- } 1 \text{ m}$$

$$E = 3E_f (1 - 2\nu)$$

$$K = 148.995 \times 10^3 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad \text{--- } 1 \text{ m}$$

σ_B

Q.2(c)
6 marks



FBD --- 2m

$$\Delta_1 = 2.5 \text{ mm (Contraction)} \quad \text{--- } 1$$

$$\Delta_2 = 3.75 \text{ mm (Extension)} \quad \text{--- } 1$$

$$\Delta_3 = 1.25 \text{ mm (Contraction)} \quad \text{--- } 1$$

$$\text{final } \Delta = -2.5 + 3.75 - 1.25 = 0 \quad \text{--- } 1$$

6 marks

Q.3(a)
8 marks

$$A_s = 225 \pi \quad A_c = 324 \pi \quad \left. \vphantom{\begin{aligned} A_s \\ A_c \end{aligned}} \right\} \text{+ figure} \quad \text{--- } 2 \text{ marks}$$

$$P_s + P_c = 100 \text{ kN}$$

$$f_s A_s + f_c A_c = 100 \times 10^3 \text{ (N)} \quad \text{--- } \textcircled{1} \quad \text{--- } 2 \text{ marks}$$

$$e_c = e_s \quad \therefore f_s = 1.818 f_c \quad \text{--- } \textcircled{2} \quad \text{--- } 2 \text{ marks}$$

$$\text{Solving } \textcircled{1} \text{ \& } \textcircled{2} \quad f_c = 43.423 \text{ MPa} \quad f_s = 78.942 \text{ MPa} \quad \text{--- } 2 \text{ marks}$$

8 marks

Q 3b)
6 marks

$$\bar{y} = y_{top} = 55.23 \text{ mm}$$

$$y_{bottom} = 144.77 \text{ mm}$$

3/7

$$I_{NA} = 12.068 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4 \quad \text{--- 2 marks}$$

$$\frac{M}{I} = \frac{f}{y}$$

$$M \cdot R = \frac{I}{y_{max}} \times f_{max}$$

$$M \cdot R = 12.504 \text{ kNm}$$

$$(BM)_{max} = \frac{Wl^2}{8}$$

$$\therefore \frac{Wl^2}{8} \leq M \cdot R$$

$$\therefore W \leq 4001$$

Say $W = 4 \text{ kN/m}$ --- 1 m

6 marks

Q 3c)

figure + $\frac{f}{y} = \frac{E}{R}$ --- 2 m

N.A. passes through CG --- 1 m (No derivation)

figure + $\frac{M}{I} = \frac{E}{R} \Rightarrow 2 \text{ m}$

final $\frac{M}{I} = \frac{f}{y} = \frac{E}{R}$

1 m

6 marks

Q 4(a)
8 marks

$$\sigma_p = \frac{p_1 + p_2}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{p_1 - p_2}{2}\right)^2 + q^2}$$

$$\frac{p_1 + p_2}{2} = 30 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\frac{p_1 - p_2}{2} = 50 \text{ MPa} \quad q = 25 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_{p_1} = 85.902 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{p_2} = -25.902 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

2 m

Principal planes

$$\tan 2\theta = \frac{2q}{(p_1 - p_2)}$$

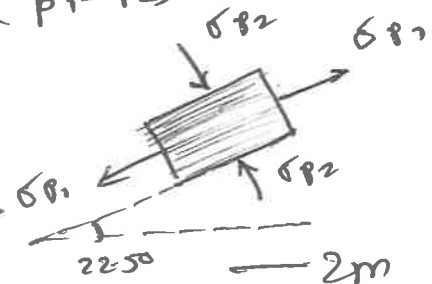
$$\tan 2\theta = 1$$

$$2\theta_1 = 45^\circ$$

$$\theta_1 = 22.5^\circ$$

$$\theta_2 = 22.5 + 90^\circ = 112.5^\circ$$

Element orientation for σ_p



2 m

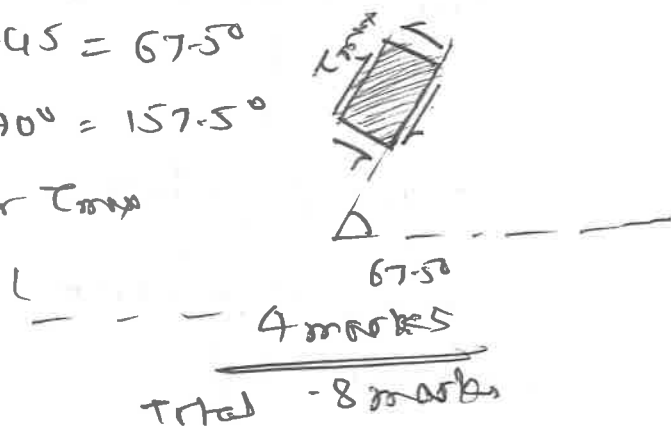
4/7

max shear stress

$$\tau_{max} = \frac{\sigma_{p_1} - \sigma_{p_2}}{2} = 55.902 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\alpha_1 = 22.5 + 45 = 67.5^\circ$$

$$\alpha_2 = 67.5 + 90 = 157.5^\circ$$

Element-orientation for τ_{max} 

Q4 (b) * point 'c' shall be assumed on road spur point
6 marks

$$M_{max} = M_c = \frac{wL^2}{8} = 14.4 \text{ kNm} \quad \text{--- 1m}$$

$$\bar{y} = y_{top} = 48.182 \text{ mm}$$

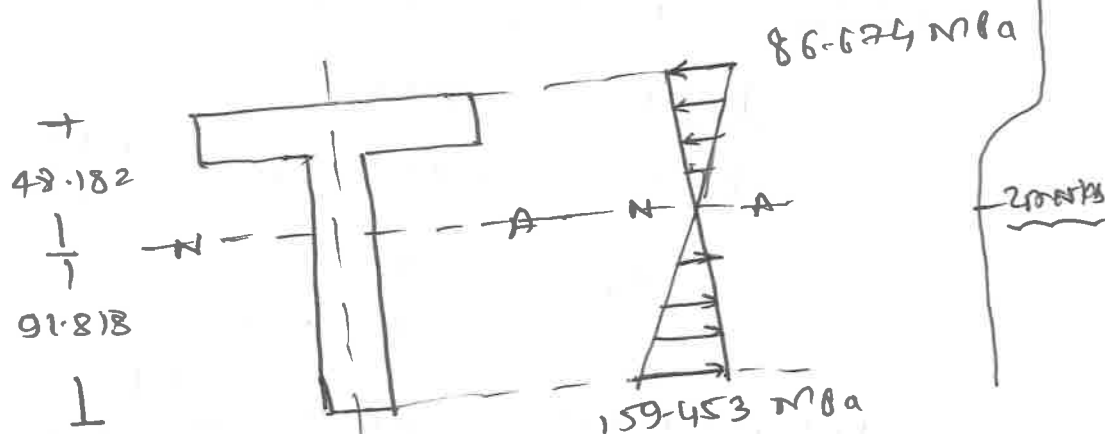
$$y_{bottom} = 91.818 \text{ mm}$$

$$I_{NA} = 8.292 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4 \quad \text{--- 2m}$$

$$\text{Use } \frac{M}{I} = \frac{f}{y} \quad \therefore f = \frac{M}{I} \cdot y$$

$$f_{top} = 83.674 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad (\text{Compression})$$

$$f_{bottom} = 159.453 \text{ N/mm}^2 \quad (\text{Tension})$$



Q 4 (c)
6 marks

$$q_{fij} = V_A = V_B = \frac{18 \times 8}{4} = 36 \text{ kN}$$

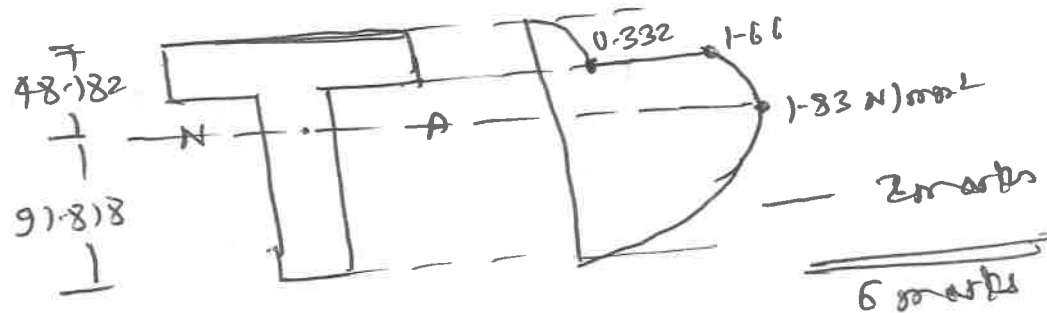
$$q_{wij} = f = 5 F_{max} = 36 \text{ kN}$$

$$q = \frac{f A' y}{I - b^3}$$

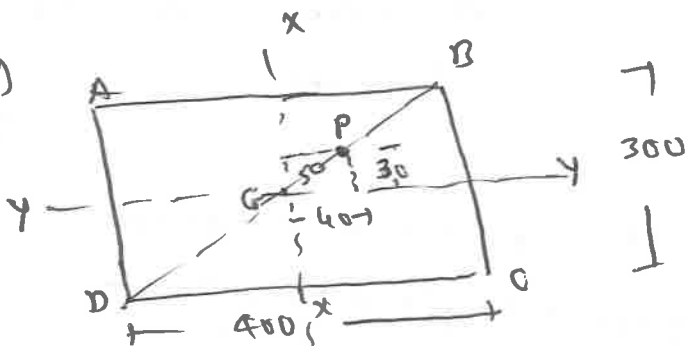
$$q_{fij} = 0.332 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$q_{wij} = \frac{100}{20} \times 0.332 = 1.66 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$q_{NA} = 1.83 \text{ N/mm}^2$$



Q 5 (a)
8 marks



$$A = 120 \times 10^3 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{axial} = \sigma_a = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{2}{3} \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$I_{xx} = 16 \times 10^6$$

$$I_{yy} = 900 \times 10^6$$

$$M_{xx} = 80 \times 10^3 \times 40 \text{ Nmm}$$

$$M_{yy} = 80 \times 10^3 \times 30 \text{ Nmm}$$

$$\sigma_{bx} = \pm \frac{2}{5} \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{by} = \pm \frac{2}{5} \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Compression / Tension -ve

$$\sigma_A = \frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{5} + \frac{2}{5} = 0.667 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\sigma_B = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{2}{5} = 1.467 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_C = \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{5} - \frac{2}{5} = 0.667 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\sigma_D = \frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{5} - \frac{2}{5} = -0.133 \text{ MPa}$$

8 marks

Q 5(b)
8 marks

6/7

$$P = \frac{2\pi NT}{60}$$

$$T_{avg} = T_{max} = T$$

$$= 43.406 \times 10^3 \text{ Nm}$$

$$\theta = \frac{Tl}{GJ} \leq 1^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180}$$

$$\{ l = 12d \}$$

$$\frac{GJ}{Tl} \geq \frac{180}{\pi}$$

$$\{ J = \frac{\pi}{32} d^4 \}$$

$$d \geq 32.673 \text{ mm} \quad \underline{\underline{5m}}$$

$$\tau_{max} = \frac{T}{Z_p} \leq 60 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\frac{Z_p}{T} \geq \frac{1}{60}$$

$$\left[Z_p = \frac{\pi}{16} d^3 \right]$$

$$d \geq 154.451 \text{ mm} \quad \underline{\underline{2m}}$$

$$\therefore d = 155 \text{ mm} \quad \underline{\underline{Ans}}$$

$$\therefore d = 155 \text{ mm}$$

$$\underline{\underline{1m}}$$

8 marks

Q5(c)

Middle third rule - 2 marks

Figure + Explanation - 2 marks

} 4 marks

Q6(a)

8 marks

$$f_1 = f_c = 150 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\left[\frac{pd}{2t} \right]$$

} 2m

$$f_2 = f_L = 75 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\left[\frac{pd}{4t} \right]$$

$$e_1 = e_d = \frac{150}{E} - 0.3 \times \frac{75}{E} = 6.375 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

$$e_2 = e_L = \frac{75}{E} - 0.3 \times \frac{150}{E} = 1.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

$$\frac{\delta d}{d} = e_d \quad \delta d = 0.638 \text{ mm} \quad \underline{\underline{1m}}$$

$$\frac{\delta l}{l} = e_L - \delta l = 0.415 \text{ mm} \quad \underline{\underline{1m}}$$

$$e_v = e_L + 2e_d = 8.25 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}$$

$$e_v = \frac{dv}{V} = 8.25 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$dv = 1943.86 \text{ cm}^3$$

1m

8 marks

Q 6(b)
8 marks

$$D = 80 \text{ mm} \quad d = 60 \text{ mm} \quad l_e = 0.5L = 2.75 \text{ m}$$

$$A = 700 \pi \text{ mm}^2 \quad I = 1.374 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$$

$$P_E = \frac{\pi^2 EI}{l_e^2} = \frac{\pi^2 (2 \times 10^5) (1.374 \times 10^6)}{(2.75)^2} \text{ N}$$

$$P_E = 114.157 \text{ kN} \quad \text{--- 3 m}$$

$$P_R = \frac{f_c A}{1 + \alpha(\lambda)^2} \quad f_c = 350 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\lambda = \frac{l_e}{r_{min}}$$

$$r = r_{min} \sqrt{\frac{I}{A}} = 24.996 \text{ mm}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{2750}{24.996} = 110.018$$

$$\therefore P_R = 294.465 \text{ kN}$$

-3 m
0.6 marks

- Q 6(c) Definition.
- (i) S.R (λ)
 - (ii) τ_{og} (r)
 - (iii) Torsional rigidity GJ
 - (iv) Core (kernel) of section

1 x 4

= 4 marks

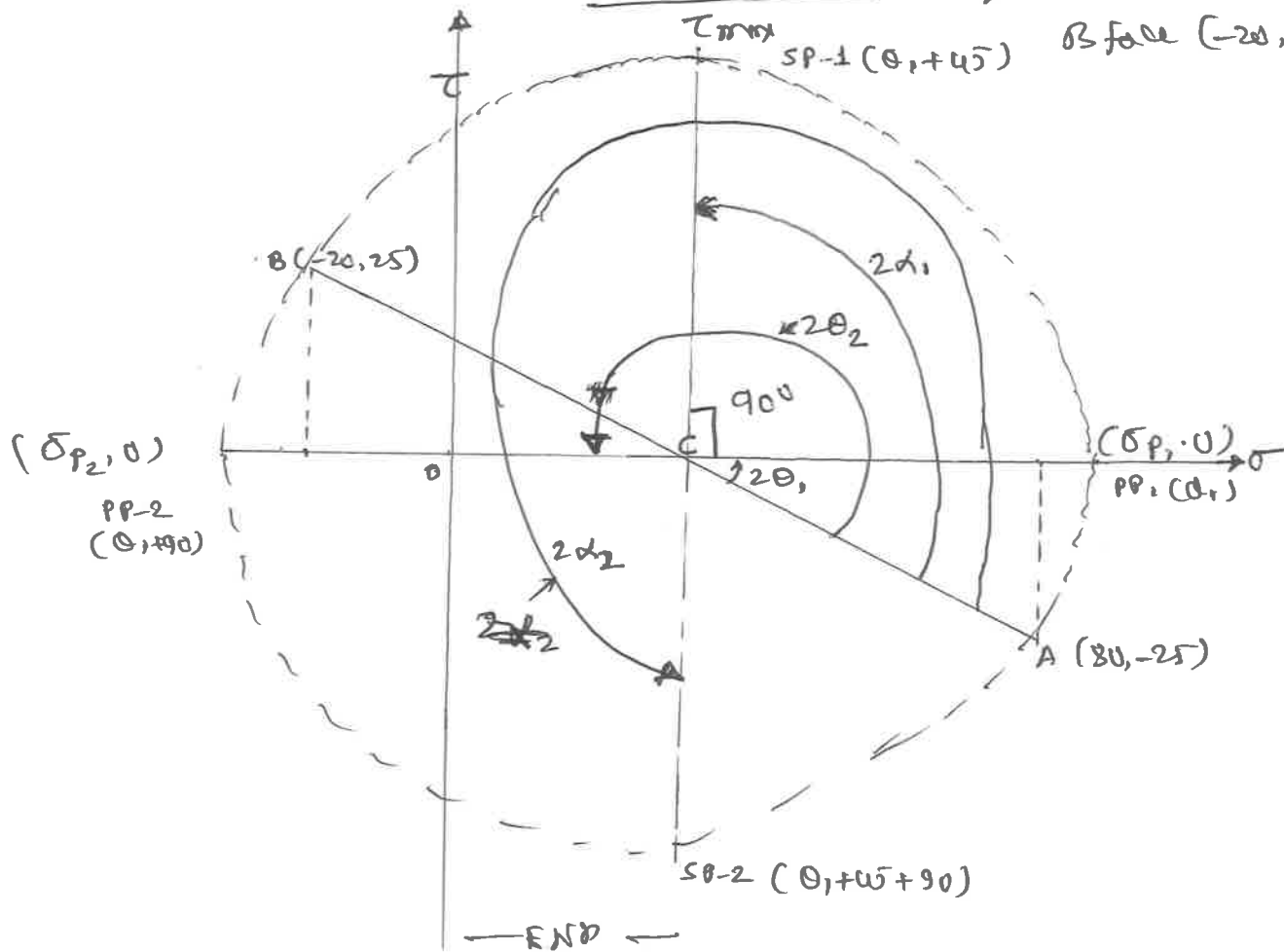
Q 4(c)
8 marks

Graphical solution (Moiré's Circle)

Scale $1 \text{ cm} = 10 \text{ N/mm}^2$

A face (80, -25)

B face (-20, 25)



Q 400)

Graphical solution

A face $(80, -25)$, B face $(-20, 25)$

