

Questions should be —
WRITTEN IN LEGIBLE HANDWRITING IN BLACK INK.
SIGNS, SKETCHES OR FIGURES IF ANY BE DRAWN IN NEAT BLACK INK,
so as to avoid mistakes in the printed question papers.

Duration Hours.

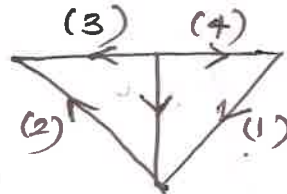
ENAS

Total Marks assigned to the paper

SOLUTION

Q. No.
Q.1 a)

N.B.:



$$[AAT] = 8$$

b) -ve quotient \therefore not Hurwitz.c) $I_{10\Omega} = 1.05A$, $V_S = 4.7$ Volts.Q.2 a) $V_A = 6$ Volts, $I_2' = 1.6$, $I_2'' = -0.8 \therefore I_2 = 0.8$ b) $V_a = 4.303V$, $V_b = 3.87V$, $V_c = 3.33V$

Q.3 a)

(i)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
A	-1	-1	-1	0	0	0	0
B	0	1	1	-1	0	0	0
C	0	0	0	1	-1	0	0
D	0	0	0	0	1	-1	-1
E	1	0	0	0	0	1	1

ii) F-cutset

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
2	0	1	1	0	-1	0	0
4	0	0	0	1	-1	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	1	-1	-1

iii) P-tieset

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
3	0	-1	1	0	0	0	0
5	-1	1	0	1	1	1	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	-1	1

Marks

Q.3b) $V_{TH} = 18V$, $I_{SC} = 15A$, $R_{TH} = 1.2\Omega$, $I_{4\Omega} = 3.4A$.

02

Q.4a) $i(\sigma^+) = 1A$, $V_C(\sigma^+) = 0V$, $\frac{di}{dt}(\sigma^+) = 0A/s$

b) $i_L(\sigma) = i_L(\sigma^+) = 0$ $i(t) = \frac{V}{R}(1 - e^{-R/Lt})$

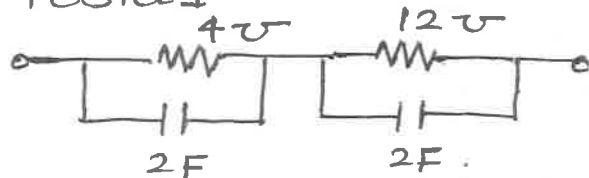
Q.5a) $\frac{Y_2}{V_1} = \frac{1}{3s^2 + 1 + s^4}$, $\frac{V_2}{I_1} = \frac{1}{s^3 + 2s}$, $\frac{Y_1}{I_1} = \frac{s^4 + 3s^2 + 1}{s^3 + 2s}$.

b) for T-parameters

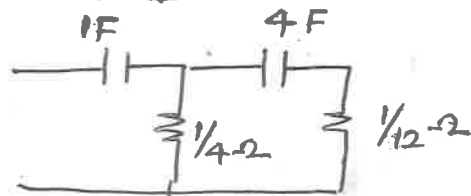
condition of reciprocity - $AD - BC = 1$

symmetry - $A = D$

Q.6 a) Foster I



⇒ Cauer I



b) Test whether $F(s) = \frac{s^2 + 1}{s^3 + 4s}$ is positive real function.

$$F(s) = \frac{N(s)}{D(s)} = \frac{\text{Even}}{\text{Odd}}$$

$N(s)$ & $D(s)$ is Hurwitz.

1) Simple poles on $j\omega$ axis.

2) residues are $3/8$ real & positive

3) $A(\omega^2) \geq 0$ for all $\omega \geq 0$

∴ The function is ~~real~~ positive real.