

**QP Code : 74664**

External (Scheme A) (3 Hours)

[Total Marks:100

Internal (Scheme B) (2 Hours)

[Total Marks:40

Note:

- (1) External (Scheme A) students answer any five questions.
- (2) Internal (Scheme B) students answer any three questions.
- (3) All questions carry equal marks. Scientific calculator can be used.
- (4) Write on top of your answer book the scheme under which you are appearing.

Que. 1 (a) Define: Absolute error and Percentage error.

Evaluate the sum  $S = \sqrt{5} + \sqrt{7} + \sqrt{11}$  upto 4 significant digits and find its absolute and relative errors.

(b) Convert the decimal fraction  $(391.6875)_{10}$  to the binary form and then convert to the octal form.

Que. 2 (a) Define the term rate of convergence of iterative method and also find the rate of convergence of the Iteration method.

(b) Perform two iterations of the Birge-Vieta method to find a root (correct upto four decimal places) of the equation  $x^3 + 2x^2 + 10x - 20 = 0$ . Use initial approximation  $p_0 = 1$ .

Que. 3 (a) Describe Crout's method to solve the following system of linear equations:

$$\begin{aligned} a_{11}x_1 + a_{12}x_2 + a_{13}x_3 &= b_1 \\ a_{21}x_1 + a_{22}x_2 + a_{23}x_3 &= b_2 \\ a_{31}x_1 + a_{32}x_2 + a_{33}x_3 &= b_3. \end{aligned}$$

(b) Find the Singular Value Decomposition of the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Que. 4 (a) Estimate the error in Newton's backward difference interpolation formula.

(b) From the following data obtain the first and second derivatives of  $y = \log_e x$  at  $x = 550$ .

$x:$	510	520	530	540	550
$y:$	6.2344	6.2538	6.2729	6.2916	6.3099.

Que. 5 (a) Derive Newton-Cotes quadrature formula and use it to derive Simpson's three eighth rule for numerical integration.

(b) Use Romberg's method to evaluate  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$ . Take  $h = 0.5, 0.25, 0.125$ .

[TURN OVER

**AQ-Con. 1195-17.**

Que. 6 (a) Using the least-squares method, obtain the normal equations to find the values of  $a, b$  and  $c$  when the curve  $y = c + bx + ax^2$  is to be fitted for the data points  $(x_i, y_i), i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n$ .

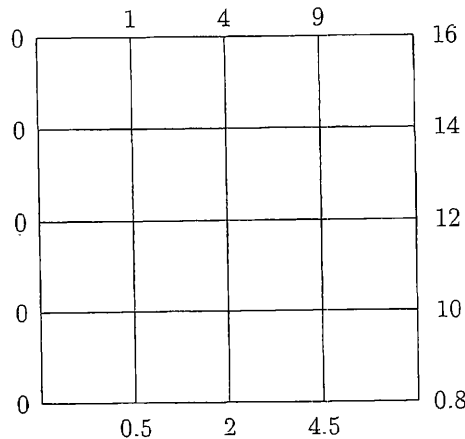
(b) Using Chebyshev polynomials, obtain the least squares approximation of second degree for  $f(x) = x^4 + x^3 - x - 9$  on  $[-1, 1]$  with respect to the weight function  $w(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ .

Que. 7 (a) Derive the Adams-Bashforth corrector formula to solve the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = f(x, y)$  with  $y(x_0) = y_0$ .

(b) Use Milne's method to compute  $y(0.8)$  correct upto four decimal places, given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 1 + y^2$  with  $y(0) = 0, y(0.2) = 0.2027, y(0.4) = 0.4228, y(0.6) = 0.6841$ .

Que. 8 (a) Derive a Crank-Nicolson's numerical method to obtain the numerical solution of one dimensional heat equation with initial and boundary conditions.

(b) Use Liebmann's method to solve the Laplace equation  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$  at the interior mesh points of the square region with boundary values given in the following figure.



[ Take 2 iterations and obtain result correct upto three decimal places.]