Q. P. Code: 10600

[Marks:75]

N.B.:	1. All	questio	ns are compulsory.		
	2. Attempt any two sub questions out of four from question no.1 to question no. 3.				
	3. From question no.4, attempt any one out of (a) and (b) and any one out of (c) and (d).				
	4. Use	e of Nor	n- Programmable Scientific Calculator is allowed.		
Q.1	a)	i)	State Cochran's theorem.	(04)	
		ii)	Briefly explain the following terms with example.	(06)	
		1.	Treatment 2. Experimental error 3. Experimental mate	N PA 12 N VA	
	b)				
		estim	nators of the parameter of the model.	(10)	
	c)	Give the layout of the two way ANOVA. Describe the various steps in carrying of the ANOVA of a two way classified data with one observation per cell by stating t			
		assur	mptions used and the hypothesis to be tested.	(10)	
	d)	Write	e the short note on the following	(10)	
		1.	Fixed and Random Effect in ANOVA.		
		2.	Choice of size of the plots and shape of blocks and plot.		
Q.2	a)	i)	With the help of suitable example, explain the terms 'Experimental	unit' and	
			'Replicate' used in the design of experiment.	(04)	
		ii) 🔬	Discuss the three fundamental Principles of experimental design.	(06)	
	b)		Define the term Precision and Efficiency of the design D_1 with respect to another		
	,	design D ₂ . Also derive the expression for efficiency of RBD over CRD (10)			
	c)	Explain completely randomized design (C.R.D.) and State its model. Show that error mean sum of squares is an unbiased estimate of population variance. State if the same holds for treatment mean sum of square. (10)			
	∞ d)	VIV A O	State the model of Randomized Block Design (R.B.D.). State the assumption for the		
		- W V V V	design. Obtain least square estimators of the parameters involved and find variance		
			ese estimators	(10)	
0.3	a) <	For L	atin Square Design (L.S.D.), give the breakup of the 'Total sum of square	es' and	
	790°6	state	the degrees of freedom for each sum of squares. Give the computation	onal form	
	2 P	of all	sums of squares. Construct the blank ANOVA table.	(10)	
	b)	Explain the concept of Missing plot technique. Obtain the estimate of one missing observation for LSD. (10)			
	(c)	Describe the factorial method of experimentation. Explain the situation where it could be used. State the advantages of factorial experiment over simple experiment. (10)			
	d)	Expla	ain the main and interaction effects in a 2 ³ factorial experiments cond		
	A 6 7 9	an R.	B.D. in r blocks. State the hypothesis to be tested and write the blank A	ANOVA.	
2000		25 CO CO		(10)	
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[Time: $2\frac{1}{2}$]

- Q.4 a) Explain the uses of ANOVA tests in different field. State its merits over the two sample tests. (07)
 - b) Define Variability. What is the difference between 'variability within classes' and 'variability between classes'? Explain with suitable example. (07)
 - c) Define the terms Blocks and Yield with suitable example. Also write the advantages and disadvantages of Randomized Block Design over Completely Randomized Design. (08)
 - d) Describe Yates method of computing 2² factorial experiment laid out in a LSD and Give its blank ANOVA table and state the hypothesis to be tested. (08)