### **UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**

# TIME-TABLE OF POST- GRADUATE LECTURES FOR MSc-PART-I (SEMESTER-II ) STUDENTS FOR THANE ZONE

## **ACADEMIC YEAR 2017-2018**

Co-Ordinator : Dr. Vasant.B.Patil. (Contact No. 8554954802)

Sr.No	Name	Days & Dates	Topic	-
	Dr. Neena Anand	Mondays	PSCH 204 –UNIT-1	
01	C.H.M.College	Feb:12,26	Chromatography	15
	1.00p.m-3.00p.m	Mar:5,12,19,26	1.1 Popphitulation of head-	
	1 4 4 T	April:2	1.1 Recapitulation of basic concepts in chromatography: Classification of	
			chromatographic methods, requirements of an ideal detector, types of detectors in	
	1.00p.m-2.00pm	April:9	LC and GC, comparative account of detectors with reference to their applications (LC	
			and GC respectively), qualitative analysis.	
			1.2 Concept of plate and rate theories in chromatography: efficiency, resolution,	
	10		selectivity and separation capability. Van Deemter equation and broadening of chromatographic peaks. Optimization of chromatographic conditions.	
			1.3 Gas Chromatography: Instrumentation of CO with	
			1.3 Gas Chromatography: Instrumentation of GC with special reference to sample injection systems- split/ splitless, column types, solid/ liquid stationary phases,	
			column switching techniques, temperature programming, Thermionic and mass	
			spectrometric detector, applications.	
	de respectation	Same as an area of the same	1.4 High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC): Normal phase and reversed	
R A	Line Indian		phase with special reference to types of commercially available columns (Use of C8	
7.9			and C18 columns). Diode array type and fluorescence detector, applications of	
		No. 4	HPLC. Chiral and ion chromatography.	
)2	Dr.Sandeep Kotwal	Mondays	DECH 202-H-14 II D	
*	C.H.M. College	Feb:12,26	PSCH 203:Unit-II Reactions and Rearrangements:	15L
	3.00p.m-5.00p.m	Mar:5,12,19,26	Mechanisms, stereochemistry (if applicable) and applications of the following:	
		April:2	2.1 Reactions . Baylis- Hilman reaction, McMurry Coupling Corey-Fuchs reaction	
			Net reaction, Passerini reaction.	
	2.00p.m-3.00p.m	April:9	2.2 Concerted rearrangements: Hofmann, Curtius, Lossen, Schmidt, Wolff, Boulton-Katritzky.	
			2.3 Cationic rearrangements: Tiffeneau-Demjanov, Pummerer, Dienone-phenol, Rupe, Wagner-Meerwein.	
			2.4Anionic rearrangements: Brook, Neber, Von Ritcher, Witting, Gabriel- Colman,	

	Windowskii Victoria	Salaha saya William	Payne.	
03	Prof. Ruby K C.H.M.College 5.00p.m-6.00pm 1.00p.m-6.00p.m 2.00pm-5.00pm	Mondays Feb:12,26 Mar:5,12,19,26 April:2 April:9,16,23 Wednesdays April:18,25	PSCH 204: Unit-II  2.1X-ray spectroscopy: principle, instrumentation and applications of X-ray fluorescence, absorption and diffraction spectroscopy.  2.2 Mass spectrometry: recapitulation, instrumentation, ion sources for molecular studies, electron impact, field ionization, field ionization, field absorption, chemical ionization and fast atom bombardment sources. Mass analyzers: Quadrupole, time of flight and ion trap. Applications.  2.3 Radioanalytical Methods_ recapitulation, isotope dilution method, introduction, principle, single dilution method, double dilution method and applications.  PSCH 204: Unit-III  3.1 Surface Analytical Techniques Introduction, Principle, Instrumentation and Applications of:  3.1.1 Scanning Electron Microscopy(SEM)  3.1.2 Scanning Tunneling Microscopy(STM)  3.1.3 Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM)  3.1.4 Electron Spectroscopy (ESCA and Auger)  3.2 Atomic Spectroscopy  3.2.1 Advantages and limitations of AAS  3.2.2 Atomic Spectroscopy based on plasma sources- Introduction, Principle, Instrumentation and Applications.	301
04	Dr. Yogini. B. C.H.M College 1.00p.m-3.00pm  1.00p.m-2.00pm	Tuesdays Feb:20,27 Mar:6,13,20,27 April:3 April:10	<ul> <li>PSCH 202: Unit-I Inorganic Reaction Mechanism:</li> <li>1.1 Rate of reactions, factors affecting the rate of reactions, techniques for determination of rate of reaction (Direct chemical analysis, spectrophotometric method, electrochemical and flow methods)</li> <li>1.2 Ligand substitution reactions of: <ul> <li>a) Octahedral complexes without breaking of metal-ligand bond( Use of isotopic labeling method)</li> <li>b) Square planar complexes, trans effect, it's theories and applications. Mechanism and factors affecting these substitution reactions.</li> </ul> </li> <li>1.3 Redox reactions: inner and outer sphere mechanisms, complementary and non-complementary reactions.</li> <li>1.4 Stereochemistry of substitution reactions of octahedral complexes. (Isomerization and racemization reactions and applications.)</li> </ul>	15L
05	Dr. Manisha	Tuesdays	PSCH 203: Unit-I	30L

		F-h-20 27	1.1 Alkylation of Nucleophilic CarbonIntermediates: 1.1 Alkylation of Nucleophilic CarbonIntermediates: 1.1.1 Generation of carbanion, kinetic and thermodynamic enolate formation, alkylation of enolates.
	Khemani	Feb:20,27 Mar:6,13,20,27	1.1.1 Generation of carbanion, killette and the letter of englates
	C.H.M College	April:3,10	1.1.1 Generation of carbanion, killetic and them.  Regioselectivity in enolate formation, alkylation of enolates.  Regioselectivity in enolate formation, alkylation of enolates.  1.1.2 Generation and alkylation of dianion, medium effects in the alkylation of alkylation.
	3.00p.m-6.00p.m	April.5,10	
	C 00= m	April:17	enolates, oxygen versus carbon as the others, amides and nitriles.
	1.00p.m-6.00p.m	Wednesday April:11	enolates, oxygen versus carbon as the site of diffying and nitriles.  1.1.3 Alkylation of aldehydes, ketones, esters, amides and intriles.  1.1.3 Alkylation of aldehydes, and enolates- Enamines and Imines
2	4.00p.m-5.00pm		1 1 4 Nitrogen analogs of ends and onested
			anions, alkylation of enamines and imines.  anions, alkylation of enamines and imines.
			1 1 5 Alkylation of carbon nucleoptimes by solid groups:
			1.2 Reaction of carbon flucieophilics with a state and one ation. Mixed Aldol
			1.2.1 Mechanism of Acid and base catalyzed the mixed reactions of aliphatic
			condensation with aromatic aidentification and Robinson annulation.
1 7			aldehydes and ketones, intramolecular and iminium ions. Mannich reaction.
			1.2.2 Addition reactions with amines and infilition lend, the state of
			1.2.3 Amine catalyzed condensation
			1.2.4 Acylation of carbanions.  PSCH 203: Unit-IV NMR Spectroscopy and Mass spectrometry.  PSCH 203: Unit-IV NMR Spectroscopy: Principle, chemical shift, Factors
		Circumstated in	PSCH 203: Unit-IV NMR Spectroscopy and Mass spectromedy.  4.1 Proton magnetic resonance spectroscopy: Principle, chemical shift, Factors  4.1 Proton magnetic resonance spectroscopy: Principle, chemical shift, Factors  4.1 Proton magnetic resonance spectroscopy: Principle, chemical shift, Factors
			4.1 Proton magnetic resonance spectroscopy: Principle, Chemical string, 4.1 Proton magnetic resonance spectroscopy: Principle, 4
			affecting chemical shift (Electronegativity, H-bonding, Anisotropy enecty) affecting chemical shift (Electronegativity, H-bonding, Anisotropy enecty) affecting chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded and magnetic equivalence, chemical shift values and correlation for protons bonded and magnetic equivalence and correlation for protons bonded and magnetic equivalence and correlation for protons and correlation fo
	The second total		and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation to protein and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation to protein and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation to protein and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation to protein and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation to protein and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation to protein and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation to protein the protein and magnetic equivalence, Chemical shift values and correlation to protein the protein to carbon and other nuclei as in alcohols, phenols, enols, carboxylic acids, amines, to carbon and other nuclei as in alcohols, phenols, enols, carboxylic acids, amines, and protein the protein
			to carbon and other nuclei as in alcohols, phenois, enois, carboxyno to carbon and other nuclei as in alcohols, phenois, enois, carboxyno to carbon and other nuclei as in alcohols, phenois, enois, carboxyno and armides. Spin-spin coupling, coupling constant (J), factors affecting J, germinal, amides. Spin-spin coupling (allylic and aromatic.). First order spectra, Karplus
			amides. Spin-spin coupling, coupling constant (J), factors affecting of governments and long range coupling (allylic and aromatic.). First order spectra, Karplus vicinal and long range coupling (allylic and aromatic.)
1			equation.
			4.2 13 C NMR spectroscopy: Theory and companing Factors influencing
			4.2 <sup>13</sup> C NMR spectroscopy: Theory and comparison with proton rating, and comparison with proton rating coupled and decoupled spectra, off-resonance decoupling. Factors influencing carbon shifts, correlation of chemical shifts of aliphatic, olefin, alkyne, aromatic and carbon shifts, correlation of chemical shifts of aliphatic, olefin, alkyne, aromatic and
			carbon shifts, correlation of chemical shape
			carbonyl carbons.
			4.3 Mass spectrometry: Molecular for peak, and procedure formula of organic
			metastable ions. Nitrogen rule. Determination pattern in
	D. P. S.		compounds based on isotopic abundance compounds containing hetero
			various classes of organic compounds. Diele Alder reaction, ortho effect.
		Marie San Committee Commit	various classes of organic compounds (including compounds or the structure determination involving individual or combined use of the above 4.4 Structure determination involving individual or combined use of the above
			4 4 Structure determination involving
			spectral techniques.
2 18			

06	Prof. Ruby K.	Wednesdays	PSCH 202: Unit-IV Bioinorganic Chemistry	15L
	C.H.M College	Feb:21,28	4.1 Riological oxygen carriers: hemoglobin, hemerythrene and nemocyanine-	
	2.00pm-4.00pm	Mar: 7,14,21,28	structure of metal active centre and differences between hemoglobin and myoglobin:	
		April:4	Co-operativity of oxygen binding in hemoglobin and Hill equation, pH dependence of	
			overen affinity in hemoglobin and myoglobin and it's implications.	
	2.00pm-3.00pm	April:11	4.2 Activation of oxygen in biological system with examples of mono-oxygenases,	
			and oxidases- structure of the metal centre and mechanism of oxygen activation by	
			these enzymes	F7166
			4.3 Copper containing enzymes- Superoxide Dismutase, tyrosinase and laccase:	
			catalytic reactions and the structures of the metal binding site	
			4.4 Nitrogen fixation- nitrogenase, hydrogenases.	
			4.5 Metal ion transport and storage: Ionophores, transferrin, ferritin and	
			metallothionins.	
			4.6 Medicinal applications of cis-platin and related compounds.	100
		NA to do a adams	PSCH 202: Unit-II Organometallic Chemistry of Transition metals:	15L
)7	Dr. C.L.Patil	Wednesdays	2.1 Eighteen and sixteen electron rule and electron counting with examples.	
	C.H.M College	Feb:21,28	2.2 Preparation and properties of the following compounds.	
	4.00pm-6.00pm	Mar: 7,14,21,28	a) Alkyl and aryl derivatives of Pd and Pt complexes.	0. 7
		April:4	b) Carbenes and carbynes of Cr, Mo, and W.	
	4.00	A	c) Alkene derivatives of Pd and Pt.	
	3.00pm-4.00pm	April:11	d) Allege derivatives of Pd and Pt	
			d) Alkyne derivatives of Pd and Pt.	
			e) Allyl derivatives of nickel. f) Sandwich compounds of Fe, Cr and Half Sandwich compounds of Cr, Mo.	1
			f) Sandwich compounds of Fe, Crand Hall Sandwich compounds of Cr, the	1998
	2.50.000.000		2.3 Structure and bonding on the basis of V.B.T. and M.O.T.in the following	
			organometallic compounds:	
			Zeise's salt, bis(triphenylphosphine)diphenylacetylene platinum (0)	108
			[Pt(PPh <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (CH≡CPh) <sub>2</sub> ], diallylnickel(II), ferrocene and bis(arene) chromium(0),	
			Tricarbonyl(n²-butadiene) iron(0).	
			7 9 Antiples of the control and a factor of the control of the con	30L
08	Dr.V.B.Patil	Thursdays	PSCH201-Unit-I Chemical Thermodynamics II	1
	C.H.M College	Feb: 15,22	1.1 Fugacity of real gases, Determination of fugacity of real gases using graphical	
	1.00p.m-4.00pm	Mar:1,8,15,22	method and from equation of state. Equilibrium constant for real gases in terms	
		April: 5,	of fugacity. Gibb's energy of mixing, entropy and enthalpy of mixing.	
	2.00p.m-5.00p.m	April:12,19,26	1.2 Real solutions: Chemical potential in non ideal solutions, excess functions of non	
			ideal solutions, calculation of partial molar volume and partial molar enthalpy,	
			Gibb's Duhem Margules equation.	

	D. A.D. Paran C. H. R. C. Maria L. Older - C. Com-	Anneys Seture 20 Anne	<ol> <li>1.3 Thermodynamics of surfaces, Pressure difference across curved surface (Laplace equation), vapour pressure of droplets (Kelvin equation), Gibb's adsorption isotherm, BET isotherm (derivations expected).</li> <li>1.4 Bioenergies: Standard free energy change in biochemical reactions, exergonic, endergonic. Hydrolysis of ATP, synthesis of ATP from ADP.</li> <li>PSCH201-Unit-III Chemical Kinetics and Molecular Reaction Dynamics.</li> <li>3.1Elementary Reactions in Solution: Solvent Effects on reaction rates, Reactions between ions-influence of solvent .Dielectric constant, influence of ionic strength, Linear free energy relationships. Enzyme action.</li> <li>3.2 Kinetics of reactions catalyzed by enzymes- Michaelis-Menten analysis, Lineweaver- Burk and Eadie Analyses.</li> <li>3.3 Inhibition of Enzyme action: Competitive, noncompetitive and Uncompetitive Inhibition. Effect of pH, Enzyme activation by metal ions, Regulatory enzymes.</li> <li>3.4 Kinetics of reactions in the solid State: Factors affecting reactions in solids. Rate laws for reactions in solid: The parabolic rate law, The first order rate law, the contracting sphere rate law, some examples of kinetic studies.</li> </ol>	
09	Dr. Nagesh Sutar C.H.M College 4.00pm-6.00pm	Thursdays Feb: 15,22 Mar:1,8,15,22 April: 5,	PSCH203-Unit-III Stereochemistry 3.1 Concept of Chirality: Recognition of symmetry elements. 3.2 Molecules with tri and tetra coordinate centres: Compounds with carbon, silicon, nitrogen, phosphorus and Sulphur chiral centres, relative configurational stabilities. 3.3 Molecules with two or more chiral centres: Constitutionally unsymmetrical	15L
20	1.00pm-2.00pm	Артт.12	molecules: erythro-threo and syn-anti systems of nomenclature. Interconversion of Fischer, Sawhorse, Newman and Flying wedge projections. Constitutionally symmetrical molecules with odd and even number of chiral centres: enantiomeric and meso forms, concept of stereogenic, chirotopic and pseudoasymmetric centres. R-S nomenclature for chiral centres in acyclic and cyclic compounds.  3.4 Axial and planar chirality: Principles of axial and planar chirality. Stereochemical	761
			features and configurational descriptors (R,S) for the following classes of compounds:allenes, alkylidene cycloalkanes, spirans, biaryls(buttressing effect) (including BINOLs and BINAPs), ansa compounds, cyclophanes, trans-cyclooctenes. 3.5 Prochirality: Chiral and prochiral centres; prochiral axis and prochiral plane. Homotopic, heterotopic(enantiotopic and diastereotopic) ligands and faces. Identification using substitution and symmetry criteria. Nomenclature of stereoheterotopic ligands and faces. Symbols for stereoheterotopic ligands in	

		A TOTAL CONTRACTOR	molecules with i) one or more prochiral centres, ii) a chiral as well as a prochiral centre, iii) a prochiral axis iv) a prochiral plane v) pro-pseudoasymmetric centre. Symbols for enantiotopic and diastereotopic faces.	
10	Dr. A.D.Tiwari C.H.M.College 2.00p.m-4.00pm 2.00p.m-3.00pm	Fridays Feb:16,23 Mar: 9,16,23 April:6,13 April:20	PSCH202-Unit-III Environmental Chemistry 3.1 Conception of Heavy Metals: Critical discussion on heavy metals. 3.2 Toxicity of metallic species: Mercury. Lead, cadmium. Arsenic, copper and chromium with respect to their sources, distribution, speciation, biochemical effects and toxicology, control and treatment. 3.3 Case Studies: a) Itai-Itai disease for Cadmium toxicity b) Arsenic poisoning in the Indo-Bangladesh region. 3.4 Interaction of radiation in context with the environment: Sources and biological implication of radioactive materials. Effect of low level radiation on cells. It's applications in diagnosis and treatment. Effect of radiation on cell proliferation and cancer.	15L
11	Dr.V.B.Patil C.H.M. College 4.00p.m-6.00p.m	Fridays Feb:16,23 Mar: 9,16,23 April:6,13 April:20	PSCH204-Unit-IV Electroanalytical Methods(Numericals are expected) 4.1lon selective potentiometry and polarography: lon selective electrodes and their applications (solid state precipitate, liquid-liquid, enzyme and gas sensing electrodes), ion selective field effect transistors, biocatalytic membrane electrodes and enzyme based biosensors. Polarography: Ilkovic equation, derivation starting with Cottrell equation, effect of complex formation on the polarographic waves. 4.2 Electrogravimetry: Introduction, principle, instrumentation, factors affecting the nature of the deposit, applications. 4.3 Coulometry: Introduction, principle, instrumentation, coulometry at controlled potential and controlled current.	15L
12	Prof. Sheela Vasu C.H.M College 2.00p.m-4.00p.m 2.00p.m-3.00p.m	Saturdays Feb:,10,17,24 Mar: 3,10,17,24 Mar:31	PSCH201-Unit-II Quantum Chemistry II  2.1 Rigid rotor, spherical co-ordinates. Schrodinger wave equation in spherical co-ordinates, separation of the variables, the phi equation in spherical number, the theta equation, wave function, quantization of rotational energy, spherical harmonics.  2.2 Hydrogen atom, the two particle problem, separation of the energy as translational and potential, separation of variables, the R, the e, and the φ equations, solution of the R equation, introduction of the four quantum numbers and their interdependence on the basis of the solutions of the three equations, total wave function, expression for the energy, probability density function, distances and energies in atomic units, radial and angular plots, points of maximum probability, expressions for the total wave function for 1s, 2s, 2p and 3d orbitals of hydrogen.	15L

NOTE		<ul> <li>2.3Application of the Schrodinger equation to two electron system, limitations of the equation, need for the approximate solutions, methods of obtaining the solution of the Schrodinger wave equation.</li> <li>2.4 Huckel Molecular Orbital theory for ethylene, 1,3-butadiene and benzene.(Derivation expected).</li> </ul>	
Dr.V.B.Patil C.H.M. College 4.00p.m-6.00p.m  3.00p.m-4.00p.m	Saturdays Feb:,10,17,24 Mar: 3,10,17,24  Mar:31	PSCH201-Unit-IV Solid State Chemistry and Phase Equilibria 4.1Solid State Chemistry 4.1.1 Recapitulation: Structures and defects in solids. Types of defects and Stoichiometry a) Zero dimensional (point) Defects. b) One dimensional (line) Defects. c) Two dimensional (planar) Defects. d) Thermodynamics of formation of defects (Mathematical derivation to find concentration of defects and numerical problems based on it) 4.2 Phase equilibria 4.2.1 Recapitulation: Introduction and definition of terms involved in phase rule. Thermodynamic derivation of Gibbs phase rule. 4.2.2. Two component system: a) Solid-gas system: Hydrate formation, Amino compound formation b) Solid-Liquid System: Formation of a compound with congruent melting point, Formation of a compound with incongruent melting point. (with suitable examples) 4.2.3. Three component system Type-I: Formation of one pair of partially miscible liquids. Type-III: Formation of two pairs of partially miscible liquids. Type-III: Formation of three pairs of partially miscible liquids	151

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#### No.PG/2/ICD/2017-18/2200 of 2018.

#### M. Sc. Part I (SEM II) PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY (2017-2018)

NOTE: Attention of post-graduate students M.Sc. Part I (Sem II) is invited to the following:-

- 1. That they will be required to attend in each of the terms, not less than 75% of the total number of lectures delivered & also not less than 75% of the lectures delivered in each paper;
- 2. In addition to attendance at lectures, they will be required to carry out regular work assigned to them in the form of essays, problems, tutorials, practical etc. as prescribed and shall be required to maintain a record thereof in a properly bound journals. The work carried out by the student shall be reviewed by the respective teachers at the end of two terms. In case, in the opinion of the Head of University Department or the Principals of the recognized Post-graduate Institutions concerned, the candidate has not satisfactorily carried out the assigned work as mentioned above, they may not grant term to the student, even though he/she might have kept the minimum attendance at the lectures.

Mumbai-400 032.

Assistant Registrar
UG & PG Section 6/3/8

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P.S. Teacher participating in the scheme of Post-graduate teaching and Instruction for course in the subject of Physical Organic Chemistry are hereby requested to submit the attendance rolls in respect of the lectures delivered by them during the academic year 2017-2018 within 15 days after completion of their lectures in the respective terms are over to the Superintendent, Post-graduate studies Section, Room No. 130, University of Mumbai, Fort, Mumbai-32.

N.B. Teacher participating in the scheme of post-graduate teaching and Instruction at the M.Sc. degree course in Physical Chemistry are hereby informed that no change will be permitted in the venue and timings of the lectures.

### **UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI**

# TIME-TABLE OF POST- GRADUATE LECTURES FOR MSc-PART-I (SEMESTER-II ) STUDENTS FOR THANE ZONE

## **ACADEMIC YEAR 2017-2018**

Co-Ordinator : Dr. Vasant.B.Patil. (Contact No. 8554954802)

Sr.No	Name	Days & Dates	Topic	-
	Dr. Neena Anand	Mondays	PSCH 204 –UNIT-1	
01	C.H.M.College	Feb:12,26	Chromatography	15
	1.00p.m-3.00p.m	Mar:5,12,19,26	1.1 Popphitulation of head-	
	1 4 4 T	April:2	1.1 Recapitulation of basic concepts in chromatography: Classification of	
			chromatographic methods, requirements of an ideal detector, types of detectors in	
	1.00p.m-2.00pm	April:9	LC and GC, comparative account of detectors with reference to their applications (LC	
			and GC respectively), qualitative analysis.	
			1.2 Concept of plate and rate theories in chromatography: efficiency, resolution,	
	10		selectivity and separation capability. Van Deemter equation and broadening of chromatographic peaks. Optimization of chromatographic conditions.	
			1.3 Gas Chromatography: Instrumentation of CO with	
			1.3 Gas Chromatography: Instrumentation of GC with special reference to sample injection systems- split/ splitless, column types, solid/ liquid stationary phases,	
			column switching techniques, temperature programming, Thermionic and mass	
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	de respectation	Same as an area of the same	1.4 High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC): Normal phase and reversed	
R A	Line Indian		phase with special reference to types of commercially available columns (Use of C8	
7.9			and C18 columns). Diode array type and fluorescence detector, applications of	
		No. 4	HPLC. Chiral and ion chromatography.	
)2	Dr.Sandeep Kotwal	Mondays	DECH 202-H-14 II D	
*	C.H.M. College	Feb:12,26	PSCH 203:Unit-II Reactions and Rearrangements:	15L
	3.00p.m-5.00p.m	Mar:5,12,19,26	Mechanisms, stereochemistry (if applicable) and applications of the following:	
		April:2	2.1 Reactions . Baylis- Hilman reaction, McMurry Coupling Corey-Fuchs reaction	
			Net reaction, Passerini reaction.	
	2.00p.m-3.00p.m	April:9	2.2 Concerted rearrangements: Hofmann, Curtius, Lossen, Schmidt, Wolff, Boulton-Katritzky.	
			2.3 Cationic rearrangements: Tiffeneau-Demjanov, Pummerer, Dienone-phenol, Rupe, Wagner-Meerwein.	
			2.4Anionic rearrangements: Brook, Neber, Von Ritcher, Witting, Gabriel- Colman,	