M.COM (Part-II) Research Methodology (OCT-16)

QP Code: 74151

	(3 Hours) [Total Marks: 100	
N.B	 (1) Attempt any two questions from each section. (2) Figures to the right indicate full marks. (3) Give suitable examples wherever necessary. 	
	Section - I	
1.	Define research? Explain the need and importance of research in social sciences. Briefly explain the types of research.	25
2.	What is 'research problem'? Explain the steps in formulating the research problem. Explain the sources of developing hypothesis.	25
3.	What is 'research design'? Explain the essential features of a good research design. Explain the significane of research design.	25
4.	Explain the significance of secondary data. What are the limitations of secondary data? Explain the essentials of a good questionnaire.	25
	Section -II	
5.	What is interpretation of data? Explain it's significance. What are the precautions required in interpretation of data?	25
6.	Define 'research report'. Explain the essentials of a good research report. What are the types of research report?	25
7.	Explain in the brief the measures of central Tendency. What is 'regression analysis'? Explain its types.	25
8.	Write short notes on (any two) of the following:- 1) Classification and Tabulation 2) Footnotes and Bibliography	25

3) Moving Averages

(मराठी रूपांतर)

सूचना: (१) खालील प्रत्येक विभागांपैकी कोणत्याही दोन प्रश्नाचे उत्तर दया.

- (२) उजवीकडील अंक गुण दर्शवितात.
- (३) योग्य उदाहरणे दया.

विभाग पहिला

- संशोधनाची व्याख्या स्पष्ट करा. सामाजिक शास्रात संशोधनाचे महत्व स्पष्ट करा. संशोधनाचे २५ प्रकार थोडक्यात स्पष्ट करा.
- २. 'संशोधनाचा प्रश्न' म्हणजे काय? संशोधनाच्या प्रश्नाचे सूत्रीकरण करतांना लगणाऱ्या पायऱ्या २५ स्पष्ट करा. अनुमान/गृहीत विकसित करण्याचे मार्ग स्पष्ट करा.
- ३. 'संशोधन रचना' म्हणजे काय? संशोधन रचनेची महत्वाची वैशिष्ट्ये स्पष्ट करा. संशोधन २५ रचनेचे महत्व स्पष्ट करा.
- ४. 'दुय्यम' माहितीचे महत्व स्पष्ट करा. दुय्यम माहितीच्या मर्यादा काय आहेत? चांगल्या प्रश्नावलीची २५ आवश्यकता स्पष्ट करा.

विभाग दुसरा

- ५. माहितीचे स्पष्टीकरण म्हणजे काय? त्याचे महत्व स्पष्ट करा. माहितीचे अर्थबोधन करताना २५ कोणती काळजी घ्यावी?
- ६. संशोधनाचा अभिप्राय स्पष्ट करा. चांगल्या संशोधन अभिप्रायाची आवश्यकता स्पष्ट करा. २५ संशोधन अभिप्रायाचे प्रकार स्पष्ट करा.
- ७. 'मध्यवर्ती' प्रवृत्तीचे उपाय स्पष्ट करा. विषाद/खेद विश्लेषण म्हणजे काय? त्याचे प्रकार स्पष्ट २५ करा.
- ८. खाली दिलेल्यापैकी कोणत्याही दोन टिपा लिहा.
 - (अ) वर्गवारी आणि तालिकाकरण
 - (ब) फूटनोट्स आणि ग्रंथकोष
 - (क) मून्हिवींग ॲन्हरिज्स

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२५

M.COM (Part-II)

Accountancy Group

Advance Financial Management

(Paper - III) (OCT-16)

QP Code : 74160

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 100

- N.B.: (1) Question No.1 and Question No.2 are Compulsory carry 20 Marks and 16 Marks respectively.
 - (2) Attempt Any Four questions from question No.3 to 9 each carrying 16 Marks.
 - (3) Figures to the Right indicates Full Marks.
 - (4) Working notes forms part of an answer.
 - (5) Use of simple Calculator is permitted.
- 1. The following is the capital structure of APPLE TV Ltd.

20

Source of Capital	Book Value (₹)	Market Value (₹)	
Equity shares @ ₹100 each	8,00,000	16,00,000	
9% Cumulative preference			
shares @₹100 each	2,00,000	2,40,000	
11% Debentures	6,00,000	6,60,000	
Retained earnings	4,00,000	-	
Total	20,00,000	25,00,000	

The current market price of the company's equity share is ₹ 220. For the last year the company had paid equity dividend at 25% and its dividend is likely to grow 6% every year. The corporate tax rate is 30% and shareholders personal income tax rate is 20%.

You are required to calculate:

- (a) Cost of capital for each source of capital.
- (b) Weighted average cost of capital on the basis of book value weights.
- (c) Weighted average cost of capital on the basis of market value weights.
- 2. (a) Indicate whether the following statements are **True** or **False** and rewrite them:
 - (1) Net Present Value method does not consider time value.
 - (2) Bank reference is the source of credit information.
 - (3) Financial risk arises due to use of equity capital in capital structure.

[TURN OVER

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- (4) Return on Capital Employed measures overall efficiency in the utilization of total funds.
- (5) Interest on debenture is a tax deductible expense.
- (6) Capital budgeting decisions are short-term in nature and easy to make.

(b)	Fill	in the blank with appropriate word and rewrite the sentence, underline	5
	the	blank filled:	
	(1)	The project with lower Net Present Value is .	
		(Selected / Rejected)	
	(2)	When goods are shipped to an agent for sale it is called	
		sale.	
		(Consignment / Sale on approval)	
•	(3)	Net working capital is the difference between	
		(Current Assets less Current Liabilites / Fixed Assets less Loans)	
	(4)	Bonus shares are given to	
		(Debenture holders / Equity shareholders)	
	(5)	Product of operating leverage and financial leverage is known as	

(c) Match the Columns:

leverage.

(Composite / Risky)

5

Column A	Column B
(a) Profitability Index	(1) Financing of receivables
(b) Quick Ratio	(2) Weighted Average Cost of Capital
(c) Factoring	(3) Benefit/Cost ratio
(d) Composite Cost	(4) Future Costs
(e) Historical Cost	(5) Immediate Liquidity Position
	(6) Cost which has been incurred
	(7) Marginal Cost of Capital

3. G-Mart Ltd earns a profit of ₹ 6,00,000 per annum after meeting its interest liability of ₹ 2,40,000 on 12% Debentures. The tax rate is 50%. The number of Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each are 80,000 and the retained earnings amount to ₹12,00,000. The company proposes to take up an expansion scheme for which a sum of ₹ 8,00,000 is required. It is anticipated that after expansion, the company will be able to achieve the same return on investment as at present. The funds required for expansion can be raised either through debt at the rate of 13% or by issuing Equity Shares at par.

Required:

- (1) Compute the Earnings Per Share (EPS), if:
 - (a) The additional funds were raised as debt.
 - (b) The additional funds were raised by issue of equity shares.
- (2) Advise the company as to which source of finance is preferable.
- 4. You are supplied with the following information in respect of Metro Motors 16 Ltd. for the Year 2015:

Production for the year 72,000 units Finished goods in stores 3 months

Raw materials in stores 2 months consumption

Production process 1 month

Credit allowed by suppliers 3 months

Credit given to debtors 4 months

Selling price per unit ₹ 40

Raw materials cost 40% of selling price
Direct wages 30% of selling price

Factory overheads 10% of selling price

There is a regular production and sales cycle and wages and overhead accrue evenly. Time lag in payment of wages is one month. Materials are introduced in the beginning of production cycle. Wages and overheads are taken at 50%. Debtors should be computed at sales value.

You are required to find out:

- (a) Working capital requirements of the company.
- (b) Permissible Bank Borrowings as per first and second method recommended by Tandon Committee.

4

5. From the following information prepare the Balance Sheet of JAMES Ltd. 16 as 31st December, 2015:

Current Ratio	1.75:1
Liquid Ratio (Current Assets less stock to	
Current Liabilities)	1.25:1
Gross Profit Ratio	25% on sales
Debtors collection period	45 days
Sales for the year	₹ 2,40,00,000/-
Stock Turnover Ratio (with closing stock)	9 Times
Capital Gearing Ratio (Long term Debts / Share Capital)	0.60
Fixed Assets to Net Worth	1.25
Cost of Sales to Fixed Assets	1.20
Reserve & Surplus to Share Capital	0.20
assume all sales are on credit and the year is of 360 operat	ing days. Current

Assume all sales are on credit and the year is of 360 operating days. Current Assets consists of Closing Stock, Debtors and Cash Balance only.

6. HERO Ltd. is considering relaxing its present credit policy and in the process of evaluating two proposed policies. Currently, the company has annual credit sales of ₹60 lakhs and accounts receivable turnover ratio of 5 times a year. The current level of loss due to bad debts is ₹2,00,000. The company is required to give a return of 25% on the investment in new accounts receivables. The company's variable costs are 60% of the selling price. Given the following information, which policy option should be selected? (Assume in a year 12 months).

	Present Policy	Policy Option 1	Policy Option 2
Annual Credit Sales ₹	60,00,000	65,00,000	70,00,000
Account Receivable	5 times	3 times	2 times
Turnover Ratio			
Bad Debt Losses ₹	1,00,000	1,20,000	1,50,000

7. BAJAJ MOTORS Ltd. provides you the following information:

₹ 14,00,000

16

Purchase price of each Equipment

₹ 6,00,000

Working capital Life of machine

5 years

Estimated salvage value

= 4 00 000

Estimated salvage value

₹ 4,00,000 Straight line

Method of depreciation Tax rate

40%

Cost of capital

10%

Earnings before Depreciation and Tax:

Year	EquipmentA	Equipment B	P.V. Factor
	(₹)	(₹)	@10%
1	7,00,000	2,00,000	.9091
2	7,00,000	3,00,000	.8264
3	7,00,000	5,00,000	.7513
4	7,00,000	6,00,000	.6830
5	7,00,000	28,00,000	.6209

Calculate Net Present Value and select the most profitable Equipment.

- 8. Prepare a Cash Budget from July to December 2015 from the following information 16 of Hero Bikes Ltd.:
 - (a) Balance at bank on 1st July (estimated) is ₹10,000.
 - (b) Sales are made to one distributor only on one month credit terms, 3% cash discount and amount are received after one month.
 - (c) Plant purchases totalling to $\sqrt{5}$,000 are to be paid in July.
 - (d) Budgeted figures are:

Items	July ₹	Aug ₹	Sep. ₹	Oct. ₹	Nov. ₹	Dec. ₹
Purchases	5,000	4,000	3,000	4,000	4,000	5,000
Wages	4,000	5,000	4,000	4,000	5,000	4,000
Cash Exp.	400	500	400	400	500	400
Sales	6,000	7,000	8,000	8,000	9,000	12,000

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- (e) Payment to creditors for purchases are made after one month.
- (f) The company will be able to get an overdraft facility from its bank.
- 9. Write short notes (Any Four):

16

- (1) Debtors Turnover Ratio.
- (2) Profit Maximization v/s. Wealth Maximization.
- (3) Operating Leverage.
- (4) Weighted Average Cost of Capital.
- (5) Components of Working Capital.
- (6) Sound Capital Structure.

M.COM (Part-II) Accountancy Group Advanced Auditing (Paper – IV) (OCT-16)

QP Code: 74178

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 100

N.B.: (1) Question no.s I and II are compulsory carrying 20 and 16 marks respectively;

- (2) Attempt any four questions from the remaining carrying 16 marks each;
- (3) Sub-questions would carry equal marks(duly approximated where required) unless indicated to the contrary to their extreme right;
- (4) Working/References to Statute, Standards, etc. (not necessary with reference no.s) to form part of the solutions and necessary assumptions to be made and stated clearly.
- L (a) The following is the account of Customs duty in the books of M/s. C.H.A. & Co.

2015	Particulars	Rs.	2015	Particulars	Rs.
20/4	To Bank	4,75,000	10/5	By Bank (refund out	
15/5	"Bank	8,00,000		of 30/4 payment)	2,00,000
30/4	"Bank	13,50,000			
15/5	"Bank	12,00,000			
26/6	"Deposit with Customs dept.	20,50,000		·	
30/6	"Deposit with Customs dept.	25,00,000	30/6	"Bal c/fd.	81,75,000
		83,75,000			83,75,000

Scrutinise and interpret the aforesaid account.

(b) 1. As an Auditor, state how would you deal with/respond to/ comment on the following situation:

You have found a Central Government department's sales of rights of a high quality technical know-how to be unfair as to its competitive bidding opportunities given and period granted for applications to be made by the bidders.

2. State the general considerations and salient aspects involved in the audit of Sales ledger.

TURN OVER

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12

II. (a) Match the items from Column A to those in Column B selecting on an overall most appropriate basis:

8

A	В
Audit of Hospital	Sales Ledger
Audit of a Firm	Audit compulsory under the
	Income-tax Act, 1961
Audit of a Club	 Partnership Deed
Audit of an Educational Institution	Companies (Auditor's Report)
	Order, 2003 not applicable
Purchase Ledger	Over & above usual Rules and
	regulations of Audit
Tax-Audit	Capitalisation of Entrance fees
	account
Insurance Company	Trust Deed
Propriety Audit	Account of Grant received
	from Government
·	Accounts of all Suppliers
	Accounts of all Customers

Re-	write the following sentences by choosing the most appropriate
alte	native:
1)	There are two Standards promulgated on, one general,
	the other for some specific items.(Audit engagements / Audit evidence
	/ Quality control / none of these)
2)	There exists a Standard on Audit on the (external
	confirmations / internal confirmations / Government confirmations /
	Shareholders' confirmation)
3)	Propriety audit is an inherent aspect in the Audit of
ŕ	(Government entities/Hotels/Private companies/none of these)
4)	In the case of audit, the earlier year's accounts may not
	have been audited (Company / Government department / Government
	corporation / Partnership firm)
	alter 1) 2) 3) 4)

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		5)	In Audit/s form no. 3CD containing various particulars will have to be attached to the Audit Report under section 44AB of the
			Income-tax Act (Tax/Government / Bank / None of these)
		6)	In a Audit/s, the Auditor will have to check compulsory
		-,	transfer to the Statutory Reserve (Tax / Government / Bank / none of
			these)
		7)	In the audit of a Hotel, its has/have always to be verified
			(Memorandum / Articles / License / none of these)
		8)	is responsible for compliance with Accrual system
		-,	(Director / Auditor / both of them / none of them)
ш	a)		te the auditor's responsibilities relating to Fraud in Audit of Financial
			tements as per S.A. 240.
	b)		u are being appointed as an auditor of a Company. What terms of the
		Au	dit engagement would you check up as per S.A. 210?
	 .		and the state of t
IV			e matters to be included under the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order,
	2003	3 m	respect of (i) Fixed Assets and (ii) Inventory
V	Exr	olain	the various provisions of S.A. 230 in respect of Audit documentation.
•	F		1
VI	Wh	at ar	e the special considerations that you would apply in the course of Audit
**			surance Company engaged in general insurance business?
	OI tti	11,111	diameter confirm, and a second
VII	Ext	olain	the auditor's duty in respect of:
,	(i)		pening balances in an initial audit engagement as per S.A. 510;
			sing the work of Internal auditors as per S.A. 610.
	()		
VII	I Ho	w w	ould you audit the aspects of (a) Donations received (b) Grants received
,	and	thei	r utilisation in the case of an educational institution?
			-
IX	Wr	ite s	hort notes on (any two):
	1)		oplicability of Tax-Audit (under section 44AB of the Income-tax Act, 1961);
	2)	Th	e Auditor's concern with reference to objective and scope of Audit of Financial
	-,		atements;
	· 3)		aportant aspects in the Audit of a Club;
	4)		aportant aspects in the Audit of a Hotel.
	.,		<u> </u>

M.COM (Part-II) Accountancy Group <u>Direct & Indirect Taxes</u> (Paper – V) (OCT-16)

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 100

QP Code: 74196

- N.B. (1) Question No.1 and Question No.2 from Section I are compulsory.
 - (2) Answer any one question from Question No.3 and Question No.4 from Section-I.
 - (3) Answer all questions from section II.
 - (4) Figures to the right indicates full marks.
 - (5) Working notes form part of answer.
 - (6) Use of simple calculator is permitted.

Section I

1. Mr. A, an architect gives the Receipts and Payment Account for the year ending on 31st 20 March, 2015 and other information to prepare the statement of income and tax liability for the Assessment Year 2015-16.

Receipts and Payment Account

Particalars	₹	Particalares	₹
To Balance bld	25,000	By Salaries	2,38,000
To Fees	8,25,000	By Professional Charges	48,000
To Interest on Deposits		By Rent	1,00,000
(Net after TDS of.₹ 5,000)	45,000	By Office expenses	48,000
To Gifts from clients	35,000	By Drawings	55,000
To Gift from mother	45,000	By Electricity charges	38,000
To Interest on Fixed		By Telephone charges	48,000
Deposits with Banks (Net		By Life Insurance	
of TDS of ₹.4, 000)	36,000	Premium (Self)	8,000
,		By Purchase of car	55,000
		By Repairs	4,500
		By Service Tax	1,01,200
,		By Balance cld	2,67,300
	10,11,000		10,11,000

Other information:

- 1) Depreciation on fixed assets allowable (including new car) as per Income Tax is ₹ 14,500.
- 2) Expenses due but not paid:

Salaries

₹ 3,000

Rent

₹ 5,000

- 3) He had taken the loan of ₹ 50,000 in the last year for investing into Deposits included above. The interest is accrued at the rate of 2% p.a. on the loan for the year 2014-15.
- 4) He has NSC of ₹ 40,000 purchased in previous years. The interest accrued on the same is ₹ 4,950 (Gross) for the financial year 2014-15.
- 5) He has paid ₹ 5,000 for mediclaim insurance (self) by crossed cheque during the year 2014-15. It is included in drawings.
- 2. (A) Determine the following as True or False.

10

- 1) Foreign companies are always Resident in India.
- 2) Family pension is treated as Income from Other Sources.
- 3) House Rent Allowances are not taxable in the hands of an employee (assessee).
- 4) The annual value of the Let out House Properly is never Nil.
- 5) Standard Rent is applicable in all types of house properties.
- 6) Under Section 80C, maximum limit of deduction is ₹ 1,83,000.
- 7) Salary due to or received by a working partner from the partnership firm is taxable under the head Income from Other Sources.
- 8) In case of long term capital gain, the amount to be deducted from sale consideration shall be Indexed Cost of acquisition.
- 9) Dividend from the co-operative society is exempt from tax.
- 10) The rate of tax applicable to a domestic company for the Assessment Year 2015-16 is 32%.
- 2. (B) Answer the following:

5

- 1) A domestic company has income under the head Business ₹ 60,000. Calculate its tax liability for the Assessmant Year 2015-16.
- 2) Mr. X has taxable income of ₹ 5,03,000. Calculate his tax liability for the Assessment Year 2015-16. He is resident in India.
- 3) Mr. Y purchased a residential house on 1st July, 1979 for ₹ 1,00,000. The fair market value of the house on 1/4/1981 is ₹1,80,000. He sold the house on 1st July 2014 for ₹ 20,00,000. Calculate his Capital Gain for the Assessment Year 2015-16. The Cost Inflation Index for the Financial Year 2014-15 is 1024.

3

- 4) Mr. B has a house at Pune. The Standard Rent is ₹ 1,28,000, Municipal Value is ₹ 1,30,000 and Fair Rent is ₹ 1,45,000. The house was let out for the monthly rent of ₹ 20,000 since 5 years. Calculate Net Annual Value.
- 5) Mr. B has paid the medical insurance premiums during the financial year 2014-15 by crossed cheques as under:
 - ₹ 12,000 for self
 - ₹ 20,000 for dependent son.

Calculate the amount of eligible deduction under section 80 D.

3. Mr. Ram, a lecturer in a private college from 2001, submits the following particulars of income and payment for the Assessment year 2015-16.

Basic Salary

₹ 70,000 per month.

Dearness allowance

₹ 12,000 per month.

Other taxable allowances ₹ 8,000 per month.

Income from house property

Rent per month

₹16,000

Municipal Tax paid by him

₹ 8,000

Municipal Valuation

₹ 1,60,000

Fair Rent

₹ 2,00,000

During the year 2014-15, Mr. Ram pays ₹ 80,000 life insurance premium on the life of his major son (who is not dependent upon him). Sum assured is ₹ 2,50,000 and the policy was taken in May 2012. Payment is made by Mr. Ram in cash.

Other Investment of Mr. Ram is:

- 1) Contribution to recognised provident fund ₹ 18,000,
- 2) Contribution to public provident fund ₹ 43,000.
- 3) Medical insurance premium on the health of dependent mother ₹ 15,000 (paid by crossed cheque).

You are required to compute Taxable Income for the Assessment Year 2015-16.

4. Write short notes (Any Three):

15

- i) Deductions from Gross Total Income.
- ii) Long Term Capital Gain.
- iii) Income from self occupied property.
- iv) Scope of income.
- v) Income from other sources.

Section II

5. PK Ltd. an event managing company is registered and liable for the Service Tax.

10
It gives the following details of its billing to a college for the services provided. Calculate its service tax liability @ 12.36%.

	₹ (Including Service Tax)
Stage decoration charges	1,57,304
Mandap charges	4,77,530
Sound system	2,44,720
Lights	1,51,686
Video recording	2,47,192
Security charges	89,888

PK Ltd. is entitled to CENVAT Credit of Service Tax on the input services of ₹ 10,000 for the above services.

6. Answer the following in one sentence as per service tax law.

10

- 1) Explain the penalty for late filing of return.
- 2) Explain the term "Service".
- 3) What is CENVAT Credit?
- 4) Explain the registration liability.
- 5) What is the due date of filing of return?
- 6) What is the due date of payment of service tax of a company?
- 7) Explain the interest on non payment of service tax.
- 8) Explain the penalty for late payment of service tax.
- 9) Who is liable to pay service tax?
- 10) What is Taxable Territory?
- 7. A clearing & forwarding agency is registered & liable for service tax. It givens the 10 following information:
 - 1. Commission received for rendering taxable services @15% on the gross turnover of ₹ 20,00,000.
 - 2. Clearing & forwarding services provided to corporate clients ₹ 8,00,000 (excluding service tax).
 - 3. Rent received for providing storage facilities ₹ 4,50,000.
 - 4. Fees received for receiving dispatch order ₹ 6,00,000 (excluding Service Tax). Calculate the service tax liability @ 12.36%.

8. Find out the registration liability of KY Traders under MVAT Act, 2002. He started his business in the month of May, 2015.

10

Purchases:

Month	Tax free (₹)	Taxable out of Maharashtra (₹)	Taxable Local (₹)
May, 2015	10,000	8,000	
June, 2015	25,000	-	1,000
July, 2105	75,000	- .	1,000
August, 2015	1,25,000	2,000	5,000
September, 2015	1,05,000	80,000	70,000

Sales:

Month	Tax free	Taxable	Taxable
	(₹)	out of Maharashtra (₹)	within Maharashtra
,			(₹)
May, 2015	5,000	4,000	3,000
June, 2015	20,000	5,000	2,000
July, 2105	40,000	10,000	12,000
August, 2015	60,000	_	·
September, 2015	70,000	10,000	10,000

9. Determine the following as True or False as per MVAT Act, 2002.

- 10
- 1) Mr. X is non importer liable for registration, if his sales turnover is ₹ 4,00,000.
- 2) Mr. Y of Maharashtra purchases tax free goods from Gujarat. He is an importer under MVATAct, 2002.
- 3) The turnover of sales includes sale of taxable goods for determining the liability for registration.
- 4) Tax free goods are goods falling under schedule A.
- 5) Export sales are tax free sales under Section-8.
- 6) Set off is different than refund.
- 7) Set off can be claimed by a dealer under composition scheme.
- 8) Taxable goods are other than schedule E goods.
- 9) Sale of tax free goods is different than exempt sale.
- 10) As per composition scheme for retailers, 2% tax is payable on sales turnover.

M.COM (Part-II) Business Management Group

Organizational Behavior
(Paper – III) (OCT-16)

QP Code: 74163

(3 Hours) [Total Marks: 100 N.B.: Answer to Q. no 1 is compulsory. (a) (b) Attempt any four questions from the remaining Figures to the right indicate full marks. (c) Explain in brief any Four of the following. 20 a) Matrix organization. b) Delphi technique c) Job rotation. d) Johari window Empowerment. Management of conflicts. 2. (a) Explain how does the study of OB help in understanding human behaviour 10 and successful achievement of organizational goals. (b) Explain in detail the impact of technology on OB. 10 10 3. (a) What is organizational design? Explain its need and significance. (b) 'Knowledge of Transactional Analysis helps in improving communication' 10 -Do you agree? Explain. 10 4. (a) Distinguish between formal and informal groups. (b) Explain Robert Blake and Jane Moutan's Managerial Grid. 10 10 5. (a) What is personality? Explain the factors affecting individual behaviour. (b) Explain Type A and Type B Personalities. 10 (a) What is motivation? Explain Alderfer's ERG Theory. 10 6. (b) How are stress and job performance inter-related? What are the 10 consequences of stress?

7. Case Study.

Mr. Ankit just graduated from a reputed Institute of Management and joined his father's small business, which employed about 30 semi-skilled workers. After one week, his father, a retired government bureaucrat, called him and said, "Ankit, I observed your working style for the past few days. I must admit that you are too nice to people in the organization. I know they taught you human relations theories at your management institute, but it just does not work here. I remember, when the Hawthorne studies were first reported, everyone in the academic field got all excited about them. But believe me, there is more to managing people than just being nice to them.":

Read the above case, and answer the following questions:

- 1. Do you think, Ankit's father understood and interpreted the Hawthorne studies correctly?
- 2. If you were Ankit, what would your reactions to your father's comments?

(मराठीत रूपांतर)

(3 तास)

एकुण गुण : १००

10

20

सूचना: (१) प्रश्नक्र. १ अनिवार्य.

- (२) उर्वरित प्रश्नांपैकी कोणतेही चार सोडवा.
- (३) उजवी कडील अंक गुण दर्शवितात.
- १ खालीलपैकी चार थोडक्यात सोडवा.

(अ) मॅट्रिक्स संघटना

(ब) डेल्फी तंत्र

(क) कार्य आवर्तन

(ड) जोहारी विंडो

(इ) सक्षमीकरण

(फ) संघर्ष व्यवस्थापन

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IZ-Con. 2185-16.

₹.		लीचे वर्तन आकळण्यास व संस्थेच्या उद्दीष्टांची यशस्वीरित्या पूर्ती करण्यास संस्थात्मक गुकीचे अध्ययन कसे सहाय्यभूत ठरते ते समजवा.	१०		
		ज्ञानाचे संस्थात्मक वर्तणुकी वर होणारे परिणाम विस्तृत पणे लिहा.	१०		
₹.		थात्मक संरचना म्हणजे काय? तिची आवश्यकता व महत्व विशद करा.	१०		
		गवहारिक विश्लेषणाच्या ज्ञानामुळे संवाद सुधारण्यास मदत होते. तुम्ही सहमत आहात ? विशद करा.	१०		
٧.	(अ) औ	ग्वारिक व अनौपचारिक गटांमधील फरक लिहा.	१०		
	(ब) रॉब	र्ट ब्लेक व जेन मौटन दूर्यीचे 'व्यवस्थापकीय जाळं' विशद करा.	१०		
ц.	(अ) व्यक्ति	क्तमत्व म्हणजे काय? व्यक्ति वर्तनावर परिणाम करणारे घटक समजावा.	१०		
	(ब) व्यक्ति	न्तिमत्व प्रकार अ आणि ब समजवा.	90		
ξ.		।। म्हणजे काय? आल्डरफर चा अपेक्षा सिद्धांत समजवा.	१०		
	(ब) तणा	व व कामिंगरी कशाप्रकारे एकमेकांशी संबंधित असतात. तणावाचे परिणाम कोणते?	१०		
હ.		रिच्छेद वाचून त्यावरिल प्रश्नांची उत्तरे लिहा.			
		कित व्यवस्थापन संस्थेतून नुकतीच पदवी प्राप्त केलेल्या अंकितने त्याच्या वडिलांच्या			
	उद्योगात प्रवेश केला, ज्या उद्यमात साधारणतः तीस अर्धकुशल कामगार रोजगारावर आहेत. आठवड्याभरानंतर त्याच्या वडिलांनी, जे सेवानिवृत्त सरकारी नोकरशहा आहेत, अंकितला				
	बोलावून सांगितले ''अंकित मागील काही दिवस मी तुझ्या कार्यशैलीचे अवलोकन करित				
	आहे. मला कबुल केलेच पाहिजे की तु संस्थेतील लोकांशी चांगुलपणाने वागतो. मला				
	ठावूक आहे, की व्यवस्थापन संस्थेत त्यांनी तुला 'मानवी नाते संबंध सिद्धांत' शिकवले				
	असतील. पण ह्या गोष्टी इथे काम करित नाहीत. माझ्या आठवणीत आहे, जेव्हा हॅथॉर्न				
	अभ्यास प्रथम उद्गत झाला, तेव्हा शैक्षणिक वर्तुळात सर्व उत्साहित झाले होते. पण माझ्यावर				
		व ''निव्वळ चांगुलपणा व्यतिरिक्तही अनेक बाबी लोकांच्या व्यवस्थापना करिता			
आवश्यक आहेत.					
	प्रश्न		0		
	(१)	•	१०		
	(2)	काय? तुम्हाला काय वाटते. जर तुम्ही अंकितच्या ठिकाणी असता तर वडिलांच्या टिपणी वर तुमची प्रतिक्रिया	१०		
	(२)	जर तुम्हा आकतच्या ठिकाणा असता तर वाडलाच्या १८५णा वर तुमचा प्राताक्रया काय असती?	70		
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M.COM (Part-II)

Business Management Group

International Marketing

(Paper – IV) (OCT-16)

QP Code: 74181

(3 Hours) [Total Marks: 100 **N.B.**: (1) Q.1 is compulsory. From the remaining, answer any FOUR questions. (2)Figures to the right indicate full marks. 1. Explain the following terms (any four): 20 (a) International Trade (b) Open Account Legal Environment (c) (d) Quota system as Non Tarrif Barriers BOT concept (e) FTP (f) (g) Services Export 2. Outline the various features of international marketing and explain the 20 restraining forces in International Marketing. 3. Write a note on letter of credit and explain the various problems of India's 20 export sector. 4. What is Global Economic environment? Explain in detail. Discuss the role of 20 5. Describe the factors determining the selection of Internatinal Market, Explain 20 the various promotional strategies used by exporters in India. 6. Elucidate the procedure for Export financing. Write an essay on SEZ in India. 20 7. Case Study: Export documentation is a time-consuming and challenging stage in the export procedure. To simplify the documentation procedure, the U.N. has introduced Aligned documentation system (ADS). Under this system, various export documents have been aligned with one naother. A number of computer softwares have been developed to reduce the cost and time involved in esport documents. However more policy reform are needed to reduce time involved in Export documentation.

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IZ-Con. 2191-16.

QP Code: 74181

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Question:		
(a)	What is ADS? Explain the various reforms introduced in export documentation procedure.	10
(b)	Explain the various documents involved in export.	10
	(मराठी रूपांतर)	
	(३ तास) एक्रूण गुण : १००	•
पूचना : (१)	प्रश्न क्र.१ अनिवार्य आहे.	
(२)	उर्वरीत प्रश्नापैकी कोणतेही चार प्रश्न सोडवा.	
(\$)	उजवीकडील अंक पूर्ण गुण दर्शवितात.	
(8)	इंग्रजी प्रश्न मूळ मानावेत.	•
१. खालील सं	कल्पना स्पष्ट करा. (कोणत्याही चार)ः	२०
(अ)	आंतरराष्ट्रीय व्यापार	
(অ)	सुरु लेखाखाते	
(क)	कायदेशीर वातावरण	
(इ)	कोटा पध्दत एक बिनजकाती अडथळा	
(इ)	बी.ओ.टी संकल्पना	
. (फ)	विदेशी व्यापार धोरण	
(ग)	सेवा निर्यात	
≀. आंतरराष्ट्र	ीय विपणनाचे विविध वैशिष्टये रेखाकृत करा आणि आंतरराष्ट्रीय विपणीतील अडथळा	२०
•	शक्ती स्पष्ट करा.	
. पतपत्रावर	टिप लिहा आणि भारताच्या निर्यात क्षेत्रातील विविध समस्या स्पष्ट करा.	२०
	आर्थीक वातावरण काय आहे ? सविस्तर स्पष्ट करा. आय.एम.एफ.च्या भूमिकेची	२०
चर्चा करा		

IZ-Con. 2191-16.

QP Code: 74181

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- ५. आंतरराष्ट्रीय विपणीच्या निवडीसाठी निश्चित करणाऱ्या घटकांचे वर्णन करा. भारतातील विविध २० वृध्दि व्यूहरचना ज्या निर्यातकाकडून उपयोगात आणल्या जातात, त्या स्पष्ट करा.
- ६. निर्यात वित्तासाठीच्या पध्दतीचे स्पष्टीकरण द्या. भारतातील सेझवर निबंध लिहा.

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७. वस्तूनिष्ठ अभ्यासः

निर्यात दस्तऐवज ही एक निर्यात पध्दतीतील एक वेळ घेणारी आणि आव्हानात्मक पायरी आहे. दस्तऐवजांची पायरी सहज सोपी होण्यासाठी युनायटेड नेशनने सरेखित दस्तऐवज पध्दती सुरुवात केली. या पध्दतीत विविध निर्यात दस्ताऐवज एकमेकांबरोबर सरेखीत केली आहेत. खर्च आणि वेळ कमी करण्यासाठी निर्यात दस्तऐवजात अनेक संगणक सॉफ्टवेअर अंतर्भूत करण्यात आली आहेत. तथापि निर्यात दस्तऐवजांत अंतर्भूत झालेली वेळ कमी करण्यासाठी धोरणांत अधिक सुधारणांची गरज आहे.

प्रश्न:

- १) ए.डी. ए. म्हणजे काय? निर्यात दस्तऐवज पध्दतीतील विविध सुधारणांची सुरुवात स्पष्ट १० करा.
- २)निर्यातीत अंतर्भूत असणारे विविध दस्तऐवज स्पष्ट करा.

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M.COM (Part-II)

Business Management Group

Entrepreneurship Management (Paper - V) (OCT-16)

QP Code: 74199

	(3 Hours) [Total Marks :]	.00
N.B.	 (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory. (2) Attempt any FOUR questions from the remaining. (3) All questions carry equal marks. 	
1.	Explain the following concepts (any four):- (a) Women Entrepreneurs (b) Environmental Analysis (c) EDP (d) Capital Structure (e) Venture Capital Funding (f) Franchising (g) Market Feasibility Study	20
2.	How are Entrepreneurs different from Intrapreneurs? Describe the qualities of successful Entrepreneurs.	20
3.	Why is innovation considered as the essence of Entrepreneurship? What are the growing challenges our Indian Entrepreneurs face in the light of Liberalisation and Globalisation of Indian economy?	20
4.	What is a Product Life Cycle? Elaborate on the marketing strategies adopted during the various stages of a Product Life Cycle.	20
5.	Describe the significance of Working Capital in a business firm. What factors determine the Working Capital needs of a business firm?	20
6.	Write an elaborate essay on any one famous Indian or Global entrepreneur.	20
7.	Case Study:- The present government is encouraging and extending abundance support to New entrepreneurs. Presuming you have adequate entrepreneurial qualities and skills. Suggest a feasible line of business with a limited capital investment of Rs. 5,00,000/Draw a Business Plan giving a break-up of capital investment along with the risk factors attached for the suggested line of business. Also describe the marketing strategies that can be adopted to attract more business.	
	Note: The students are expected to include the following in the answer: (a) Detailed Business Plan along with risk factors. (b) Marketing Strategies.	10 10

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(मराठी रूपांतर)

	(३ तास)	(एकुण गुण : १००
सूचन	 (१) प्रश्न क्रं १ अनिवार्य आहे. (२) उरलेल्या प्रश्नांतून कोणतेही चार प्रश्न सोडवा. (३) सर्व प्रश्नांना समान गुण आहेत. (४) इंग्रजी प्रश्न मूळ मानावेत. 	
१.	खालील संकल्पना स्पष्ट करा (कोणत्याही चार) (अ) स्त्री उद्दोजिका (ब) वातावरणीय विश्लेषण (क) ई डी पी (EDP) (ड) भांडवल सरचना (इ) साहसी भांडवल निधी (फ) हक्कधारी कंपनी (ग) विपणी सुसाध्य अभ्यास	२०
₹.	आंतरिक उदयोजकांपासून, उद्दोजक हे वेगळे कसे आहेत? यशस्वी उदयोजकांच्या गुप	गांचे वर्णन करा. २०
₹.	उयोजकतेसाठी, नाविन्यता हा सार आहे असे का मानले जाते? भारतीय मुक्तिकरण आणि जागतिकीकरण या संदर्भात आपले भारतीय उदयोजक को आव्हानांना सामोरे जातात?	अर्थव्यवस्थेचे २० णत्या वाढत्या
٧.	वस्तू आयु चक्र काय आहे? एका वस्तू आयु चक्राच्या विविध पायन् केल्या जाणाऱ्या विपणन व्यूहरचनेवर तपशील दया.	यांवर अंतर्भूत २०
ч.	एका व्यवसाय कंपनीमधील चल भांडवलाच्या महत्वांचे वर्णन करा. व्यवस् चल भांडवल गरजेला कोणते घटक निश्चित करतात?	नाय कंपनीच्या २०
ξ.	कोणत्याही एका प्रसिद्ध भारतीय किंवा जागतिक उदयोजकावर तपशीलवार	निबंध लिहा. २०
9.	वस्तूनिष्ठ अभ्यासः – सध्याचे सरकार नवीन उदयोजकांना भरपूर प्रमाणात पाठिंबा आणि प्रोत्सा गृहित धरा तुमच्याकडे पुरेसे उदयोजक गुण आणि कौशल्य आहेत. रू. ५ च्या मर्यादित भांडवल गुंतवणूकीसह व्यवसायाची करण्यासारखी एक रेषा सूचवा सूचिवलेल्या रेषेसाठी संलग्न जोखीम घटकांसह भांडवली गुंतवणूकीचे अपख up) करून व्यवसाय नियोजन रेखाकृत करा. याशिवाय जास्त व्यवसाय आकर्षि स्विकृत केलेल्या विपणन व्यूहरचनांचे वर्णन करा.	,००,०००/ <i>-</i> . व्यवसायाच्या वडन (Break-
	टिपः- विद्यार्थ्यांकडून उत्तरांमध्ये खालील बाबी अपेक्षित आहेत. (अ) जोखीम घटकांसोबत सविस्तर व्यवसाय नियोजन (ब) विपणन व्यूहरचना	90 90