

Q. 1. A) Fill in the blank.

- a) celsius b) 21 c) Green d) Adsorption e) Centrifuge

Q. 1-B) Match the column & rewrite

- a) millimeter - iii) 0.001m
- b) Kelvin scale i) K
- c) AFP's (iv) cryoprotective proteins
- d) Dr. Ian Wilmut (v) Cloned Dolly
- e) Combined glass electrode (vi) pH meter

Q. 1. C) State True / False -

- a) - Pictograms — True b) Embryonic Stem cell - False
- c) Retinolins - False d) Simple microscope - True
- e) Solute travelling - True

Q. 1. D) Answer in one sentence -

- a) List of oxidizing agents - Nitrate, Nitrites, chlorate
~~chlorides~~ chlorites, hypochlorites, chromates / Molybdates, HNO_3 , Permagnate. ~~etc~~ (any - 2)
- b) Variable - definition - w.r.t. Population a character expressed numerically & varies from object to object.
- c) Jayanti Rohu - genetically improved rohu introduced in 5 rivers of India on Swarnajayanti - a First international carp project.
- d) Chimeric DNA - DNA made up of 2 different species.
- e) Electrophoresis - separation of charged molecules through inert, porous support material by applying an electrical field.

Q.2. A) Good Laboratory practices - Any 5 points elaborated out of 19 points explained in University Text book. 2 Marks/point.
eg - Use of gloves, head capped, cotton apron etc

OR

Q.2-A) Probability Sampling introduction - 1 MK.
out of 4 types - Simple random - replacement & without replacement method (3 MKS) and systematic, stratified and cluster sampling methods 2 MKS each.

Q.2 B) Explain any 2 :-

- a) Preparation of cumulative frequency steps - 2 MK, Table drawn - 2 MK, example - 3 MK
- b) Sub divided bar diagram - example - 2 MK, Tabular presentation - 3 MK, Diagram - 5 MK
- c) Median for ungrouped data - Definition & Median - with even and odd number (2), explanation and example - even - 4 MK and odd - 4 MK.
- d) Toxic - explanation 3 MK + Diagram - 2 MK, Corrosive - explanation 3 MK (including safety measures) diagram 2 MK
Toxic - teratogenic - eg - Ninhydrin 1 MK, dia., corrosive - acids, effects, nature - combustible -

Q.3 - A) Achievement of biotechnology in animal husbandry -
Eg - Milk & wool yield, increased growth rate, disease resistance, Herman bull, Silkworm races & its DNA finger printing - 2 MK per example.

OR

- A) DNA technique of Fingerprinting:- RFLP method flow chart - 8 steps - 1 MK/Step (8 MK), explanation - 2 Marks
- B) S.N. any 2 -
 - a) In vivo gene therapy for cystic fibrosis - explanation - In vivo gene therapy - 1 MK, Dia - 2 MK explanation of cystic fibrosis - 3 MK
 - b) Fermentation - eg - bread, yogurt, Baker's yeast - 2 MK
Pharmaceuticals - eg - Insulin, Merck - Gardasil, HPV - 3 MK
 - c) Retrovirus Vector method - 3 MK, Explanation - 2 MK
 - d) Recombinant DNA medicine - eg - Insulin - diag - 2 MK, explanation 3 MK

Q.4. Answer any 2 -

- Principle of dissecting microscope - 4 MK, construction of it - 2 MK, application 4 MK
- Principle of chromatography - 4 MK, Types - Adsorption, TLC, Partition, Paper - each type 2 MK each.
- Principle - electrophoresis - 5 MK, Types - 2 MK, Diagram of type - 3 MK
- Principle of pH meter - 4 marks, application any 3 points out of 8 points - 6 Marks

Q.5. Write S.N. on any 4

- Fahrenheit and Kelvin scale - explanation - 2 each and example - 1/2 each.
- Normality - definition - 1 MK, Formula - 1 MK, explanation 2 MK with example - 1 MK
- Cloning of Dolly - Dia - 3 MK + explanation - 2 MK
- Ex vivo gene therapy - Diagram - 3 MK + explanation 2 MK
- Application of colorimetry - any 4 applications - 5 MK.
- Principle of centrifuge - Formula - centrifugal force - 1 Mark, explanation - 4 MK.