

Q.P. Code :32360

[Time: Three Hours]

[Marks:80]

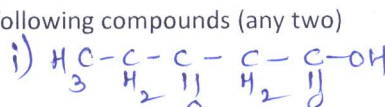
Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B: 1. All Question are compulsory.
2. Figures to right indicate full marks

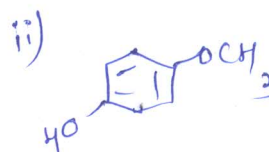
Q.1 A) Answer the Following questions

a) Give suitable structures for the following compounds (any two)

i) 3- oxopentanoic acid



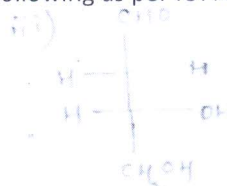
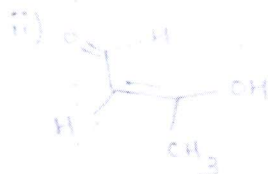
ii) 4- hydroxymethoxybenzene



iii) 3-bromobutane-1-amine



b) Assign R/S, E/Z or D/L Notation and Write nomenclature of following as per IUPAC rule (any two)



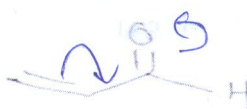
R-1-nitro-3-chlorocyclohexane

Z-3-hydroxybutanal

D-3,4-dihydroxybutanal

c) Draw possible resonating structure for following compounds

i) Bromobenzene ii)



d) Arrange the following in increasing order of acidity and justify

3-chloropropionic acid, 2,2-dichloropropionic acid, 2-chloropropionic acid

③

①

②

e) Establish relationship between following pair of the molecule



Diastereomer.
(R,R) (S,R)

f) Arrange the following in the increasing order of basicity and justify

Aniline, p-nitroaniline, methylamine

②

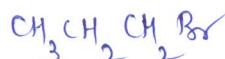
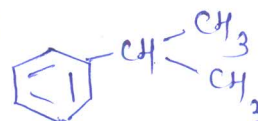
③

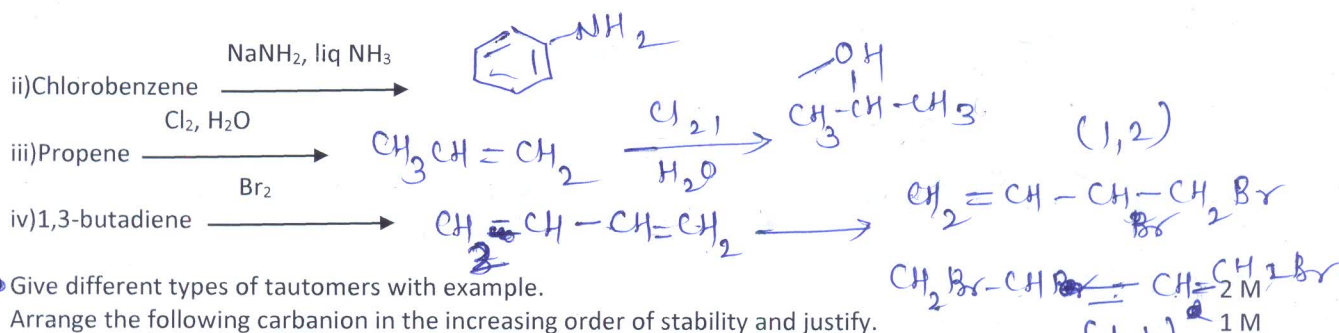
①

B) Give the product for the following reaction (any three)

i) Benzene + n-propyl bromide

AlCl_3





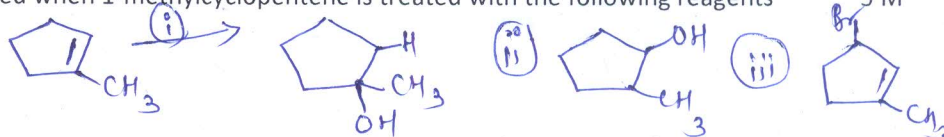
C) Write any two example of nucleophiles. CN^- , OH^- , C_2H_5^- 1 M

D) Give structure of product expected when 1-methylcyclopentene is treated with the following reagents

i) $\text{Br}_2, \text{H}_2\text{O}$

ii) $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4, \text{H}_2\text{O}$

iii) NBS



E) Identify product, type of reaction and give mechanism for the following reaction

$\text{C}_6\text{H}_5\text{-CH}_2\text{-CH}_2\text{-Br} \xrightarrow{\text{alc. NaOH}}$



✓ Q3) A) Identify major product for the following reaction (S_N²) 4 M

$\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{-CH}_2\text{-Br} \xrightarrow{\text{KOH, H}_2\text{O}}$



Discuss effect of the following factors on the above reaction

i) reactivity of alkyl halide, ii) nucleophile, iii) Solvent

$1^\circ > 2^\circ > 3^\circ$

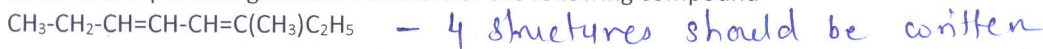
OH^-

- polar aprotic DMSO / DMF / DMA

B) Explain following terms with the suitable example (any three) 3 M

i) Racemic mixture, ii) Enantiomers, iii) Meso compounds, iv) Atropisomerism

C) Write all the possible geometric isomers of the following compound 2 M



D) Suggest suitable method for resolution of basic racemic mixture 2 M

Q4) A) Discuss orientation and reactivity of NH_2 substituent towards electrophilic aromatic substitution reaction 2 M

↳ o/p directing & activating. - M&B - Pg 273

B) Explain mechanism involved in the nitration of benzene 2 M

M&B

- M&B - 246 & 270.

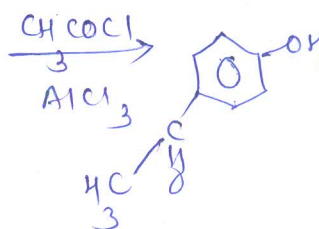
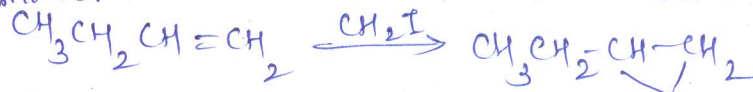
C) Convert the following (any three) 3 M

i) 1-butene to 1-cyclopropylethane

* ii) Propene to propyne

iii) Phenol to p-hydroxyacetophenone

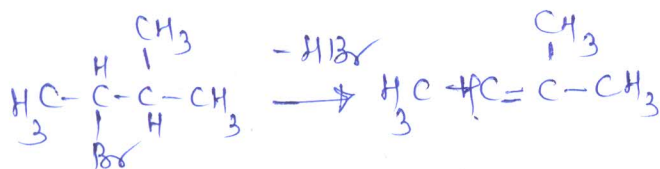
Simmons Smith



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F.C. acylation

CPTO

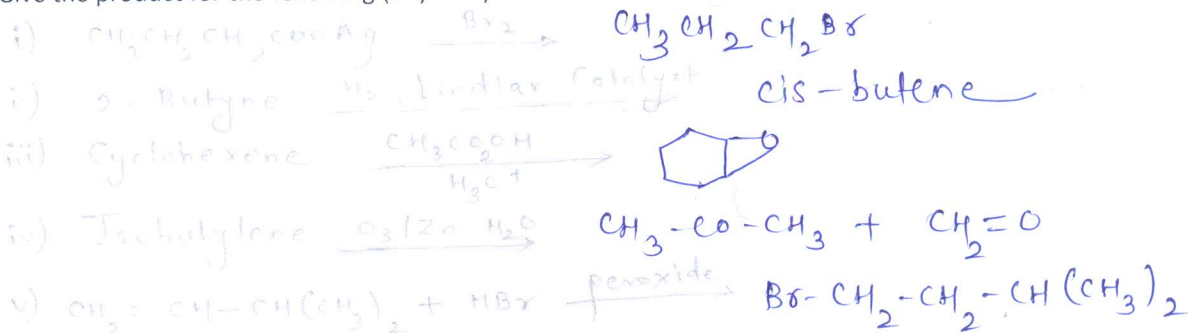


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iv) 3-bromo-2-methylbutane to 2-methyl-2-butene

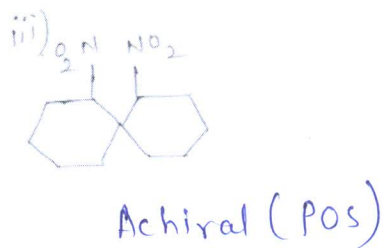
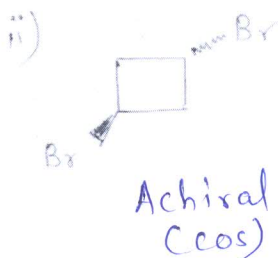
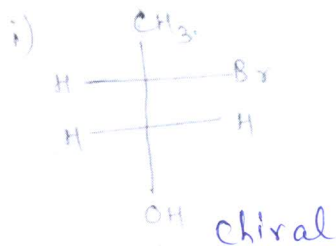
D) Give the product for the following (any four)

4M



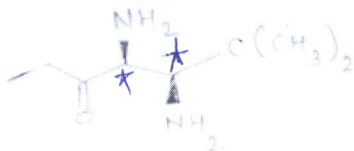
Q5) A) Identify the following molecules are chiral or achiral. Justify

3 M



B) Identify assymetric center in the following molecules

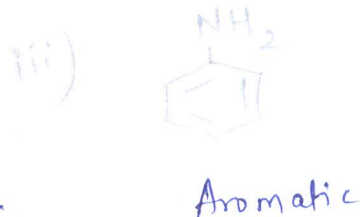
1 M



C) State Huckel Rule for the aromaticity. Identify if the following molecules are aromatic, antiaromatic or non-aromatic

4M

$$4n+2 = \pi e^-$$



D) Explain elimination-addition mechanism for aromatic nucleophilic substitution reaction

M & B - 497 - 3 M

Q6) A) Explain orientation of product formation when 1-propene reacts with Br_2

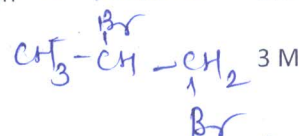


2 M

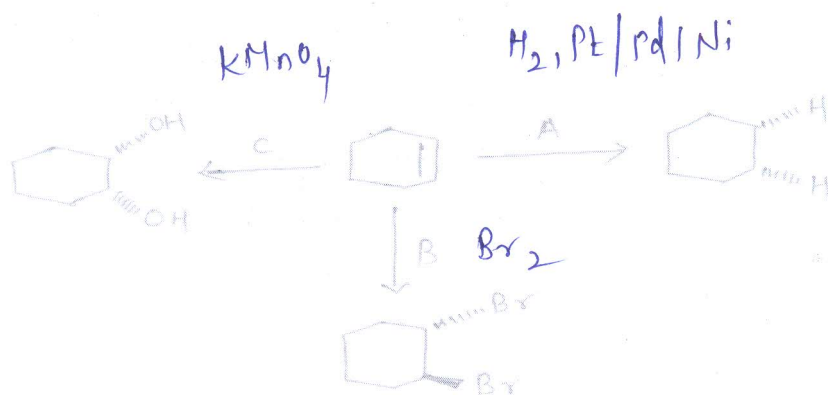
B) Define and discuss with example concept of stereospecific and stereoselective reaction

- Anti addition 2M

C) Identify following reagents

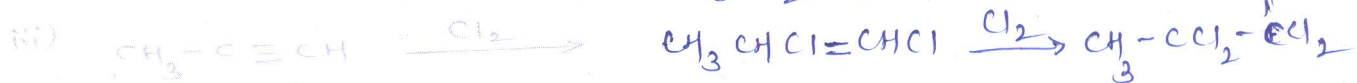
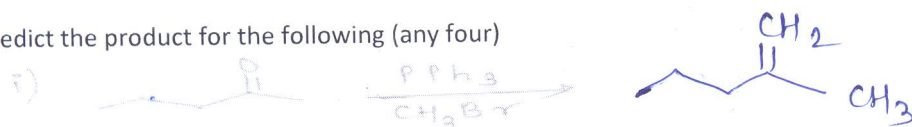


3 M



D) Predict the product for the following (any four)

4 M



Q.4) c) ii)

