JY-Paper I

PAPER CODE: 20780					
Q.No.	Sub	Description	Marks		
Q1A	i	FALSE	1		
	ii	TRUE	1		
	iii	FALSE	1		
	ív	TRUE	1		
Q1B	i	DEFINITION-ACTIVE SITE, ENZYMES-MADE OF AMINOACIDS , MODULATION OF CHARGE ON AMINOACIDS DUE TO PH CHANGES, 2 EG OF ENZYMES AND THEIR OPTIMUM PH	3		
	ii	DEFINITION +ROLE IT PLAYS IN ACTIVE SITE FORMATION + Eg.	3		
	fii	IUB NOMENCLATURE OF 4 NUMBERS AND WHAT THEY DEPICT	3		
	iv	ACTIVE SITE- DEFINITION AND FACTORS AFFECTING	3		
		CONFORMATION OF THE SAME			
	V	THEORY AND WHY NOT ACCEPTED	3		
	vi	PROTEINACEOUS, HIGH MOL WT, COLLOIDAL, NOT UTILISED, CATALYSES REACTIONS AT NORMAL PH & TEMP, OR ANY	3		
		OTHER PROPERTY- ATLEAST 4 PROPERTIES			
Q1C	j		6		
	íi	AND EXAMPLE OF EACH CLASS WHERE INHIBITOR BINDS, CHANGES IN KM AND VMAX WITH EG OF EACT TYPE	6		
	iii	DERIVATION -0.5 MARKS FOR EACH STEP	6		
	iν	TEMP; PH, COFACTOR/ COENZYME- 3 RELEVANT POINTS FOR	6		
		EACH	·		
Q2A	í	FALSE	1		
	ii	TRUE	1		
	íii	FALSE	1		
	iv	TRUE	1		
Q2B	i	DEFINITION + ANY 2 FUNCTIONS	1+2		
	ii	2 RECEPTOR FOR WATER SOLUBLE AND INSOLUBLE HORMONE + 1 EXAMPLE OF EACH			
	iii	ANY 3 FUNCTIONS	1 mark each		
	iv	DEFINITION + 1 EXAMPLE OF EACH	1 mark each		
	v	CHEMICAL NATURE + ANY 2 FUNCTIONS	1+2		
	vi	ANY 3 FUNCTIONS	1 mark each		
Q2C	i	FORMATION OF HORMONE RECEPTOR COMPLEX, ACTIVATION	1 mark each		
		OF ADENYLYL CYCLASE, SYNTHESIS OF CAMP, PKA ACTIVATION,			
		DEGRADATION OF CAMP.			
	II	MENSTRUATION, PROLIFERATIVE PHASE, SECRETORY PHASE +	1 mark each		
		HORMONE LEVELS IN EACH PHASE + EVENTS IN THE UTERUS +			
		DIA CDANA BREEFARER			

DIAGRAM PREFERRED

	iii iv	ANY 6 FUNCTIONS HYPOTHALAMUS, ANTERIOR & POSTERIOR PITUITARY, ADRENAL, THYROID GLANDS + HORMONES FROM EACH GLAND + TARGET ORGANS + DIAGRAM PREFERRED	1 mark each 6
Q3A	i	FALSE	1
	ii	FALSE	1
	iii	TRUE	1
	iv	TRUE	1
Q3B	i	DEFINITION + REPRESENTATION + SIGNIFICANCE	1 mark each
	ii	FORMULA OF PH + CALCULATION PH= 3.39 + FORMULA FOR	3
		PKW, POH = 10.602	
	iii	EXPLAINATION OF FORMOL TITRATION + REACTIONS OF SORENSON'S REACTION	2 +1
	iv	FORMULA FOR HENDERSON HASSELBALCH + ANS: PH 4.76	2+1
	v	[OH-] = 0.699, FORMULA PH= PKW - POH, [H+]= 2.58 OR KW= [H+] [OH-], HENCE [H+]= 5 × 10^-14	3
	vi	DEFINITION OF PH + PH SCALE + TWO EXAMPLES	1 mark each
Q3C	i	DIFFERENT IONIZATION FORMS OF ASPARTATE + TITRATION CURVE GRAPH + PKA VALUES AND PI VALUE	3+2+1
	ii	CLASSIFICATION (ITRACELLULAR AND EXTRACELLULAR) + EXPLAINATION OF 1 EXAMPLE EACH	2+2+2
	iii	DERIVATION OF HENDERSON HASSELBALCH (ACID	.1 mark for
		DISSOCIATION EQUILIBRIA, LAW OF MASS ACTION,	each step + 2
		REARRANGEMENT AND LOGARITHM, THREE DIFFERENT	marks for
		FORMS OF EQUATION), SIGNIFICANCE	significance
	iv	DIFFERENT IONIZATION FORMS OF ASPARTATE, TITRATION CURVE GRAPH, PKA VALUES AND PI VALUE	2+2+2
Q4A	i	DEFINITION + 1 RELEVANT POINT	2
	ii	DEFINITION + 1 RELEVANT POINT	2
	iii	DEFINITION + 1 RELEVANT POINT	2
	iv	ANY TWO FUNCTIONS	2
	V	DEFINITION + 1 RELEVANT POINT	2
	νi	DEFINITION + 1 RELEVANT POINT	2
	vii	DEFINITION + 1 RELEVANT POINT	2
Q4B	i	CONCEPT OF ACTIVATION ENERGY + DIAGRAM	5
	ii	ATLEAST 3 SPECIFICITIES FROM, GROUP, BOND,	5
		STERIOISOMERISM, SUBSTRATE OPTICAL- ANY 3 WITH 3	
		RELEVANT POINTS	
	iii	STRUCTURE + ANY 4 FUNCTIONS	5
	iv	FORMATION OF RECEPTOR HORMONE COMPLEX, NEW mRNA DIRECTS PROTEIN SYNTHESIS, NEW PROTEIN ALTER CELL ACTIVITY + DIAGRAM PREFERRED	5 .

DEFINITION + REPRESENTATION+ SIGNIFICANCE

2+1+2

vi LABELLED GRAPH + REPRESENATION PF PKA AND PLVALUES + 2+2+1 SIGNIFICANCE AND OTHER RELAVENT POINTS

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