MA - PART I SOCIOLOGY - PAPER I

THEORATICAL PERSPECTIVES IN SOCIOLOGY

1. Historical and Social Context of the Emergence of Sociology:

(A) Nature and Context of Sociological Theory

(B) Meaning of theory, Nature of Sociololgical theory, Types of Theories: Speculative and Grounded Theories, Macro and Micro Theory, Relationship between Theory and Research.

2. Classical Traditions:

Durkheim: Division of Labour, Anomie and Suicide. Marx: Historical Materialism, Theory of the State Weber: Concept of Class, Power and Authority

The Critical Theory and Neo-Marxism:

Frankurt School – Ideas of J. Habermas Antonio Gramsci: Concept of Hegemoney, Role of Masses Structural Marxism: Louis Althuser

4. Interactional Perspective:

Symbolic Interactionism: George Herbet Mead Self and Society: Erving Goffman

Phenomenological Sociology

Alfred Schutz Uniqueness and Typifications, Meaning to Situations, Structure, Subjectivity, Intersubjectivity, Bracketing, Essence, Objectivity.

6. Ethnomethodology

Harold Garfinkel
Objectivity, Common Sense Understanding, Qualitative Techniques.

7. Recent Trends in Sociological Theorising:

Structuration Theory: Anthony Giddens Post modernism Debate

Reading List:

1.	Abraham Francis	1982	Modern Sociology Theory; Delhi, Oxford University Press
2.	Abraham, M. F.	1996	Sociological Thought; Madras, MacMillan India Ltd.
3.	and J. H. Morgan Aron, Raymond	1965 1967	Main Currents in Sociological Thought, Vol. 1 & II: Penguin, Chapters on Marx, Durkheim and Weber.

SYLLABUS MA - PARTI SOCIOLOGY - PAPER II

THEORCTICAL ANTHROPOLOGY

The Anthropological Perspective: 1.

- Distinctive features of the anthropological perspective on humans and soci-0 ety; relevance and signigicance.
- The Anthropological Tradition: The Enlightenment legacy; the growth and (iii development of Anthropology in the 19th and 20th century.
- Anthropological Methodology: The comparative method; field work; text and context; objectivity and subjectivity; the study of ones' own society; the new ethnography
- Anthropology and other Disciplines: The natural sciences, social sciences, iv) humanities.

2 Human Nature in Comparative Perspective :

- Comparative Perspective on animal and human behaviour; ethnology and 6 sociology; the role of biological and genetic factors in human behaviour.
- Distinctive features and characteristics of the human species; the evidence ii) from comparative anatomy, neuro-physiology and paleontology.
- The signigicance of an integrated perspective on human nature. 前)

The concept of Culture: 3.

- Quintessential features of culture : culture and human nature ; cultural condii) tioning; culture and biology; culture and environment.
- Cultural diversity: pluralism and multi-culturalism cultural universals, cultural ii) relativism
- Interpretation of culture: culture, meanings, symbols. 爾)
- Culture-studies. N)

Major Theoretical Perspectives:

- Evolutionism and Neo-Evolutionism i)
- Diffusionism and Culture Area Approach ii)
- Structural-Functionalism 崩)
- Structuralism and Post-structuralism W)
- The Manxist Perspective W
- The Interpretive Approach W
- The Postmodernist and Ferminist Approaches VII)

5.

- Major sub-disciplines:

 i) Medical Anthropology

 ii) Ecological Anthropology (1) (11) (11)
- Linguistic Anthropology
- W)
- Urban Anthropology Psychological Anthropology

READING LIST

	Adam Kuper Alan Barnard	197 200	There's A themples
	 Adam Kuper and Jessica Kuper (ed) Clifford Geertz Clifford Geertz Henriette I Moore Jacob Bronowski 		The Social Science Encyclopaedia The Interpretation of Cultures: Selected Essays Local Knowledge: Further essays in Interpretive Anthropology
	8. James Clifford and G.F. Marcus (ed) 9. J.D. Roslansky 10.J. J. Honigmann (ed) 11. J. J. Honigmann 12. Marshall Sahhsis	1986	Writing culture: The Poetics and Politics of Et The Uniqueness of Man Handbook of Social and Cultural Anthropology Undersanding culture The use and abuse of Biology: An Anthropolo Criticum of Social and Cultural Anthropolo
14.F	13. Marvin Hassis 14. Peter Hamunond 15. Robert Layton 16. Sol Tax	1968 1997	The rise of Anthropological Theory An introduction to Cultural and Social Anthrop An introduction to theory in Anthrop
	17. Thomas Barfield 18. Tim Ingold		Horizons of Anthropology The Dictionary of anthropology Companion Encyclopaedia of Anthropology Animal Nature and Human Nature

MA - PART I SOCIOLOGY - PAPER III

SOCIOLOGY OF DEVELOPMENT

1.	Hist	orical Background:						
	(i)	Collectionment and the Idea of Progress						
	(ii)	Critique of the Unilinear and Universalistic Model						
	(iii)	Colonial Intervention						
	(iv)	Post World War II Context and the Concept of Development						
2.	Pers	Perspectives on Development:						
	(i)	Modernisation Theory, its Critique						
	(ii)	Development of Underdevelopment, Dependency and Unequal Exchange						
	• /	World Capitalist System						
	(iii)	Gender and Development						

Central Issues in Development:

(iv)

(V)

- (i) Developing Countries and the Western Model of Development
- (ii) The Gandhian Alternative "Hind Swaraj" and Schumacher "Small is Beautiful"
- (iii) North South Debate, Fourth World Theory
- (iv) Sustainable development, Ecofeminism

Culture and Development

Environment and Development

(v) Participatory Development, Role of Non-Government Organisations.

4. Globalisation and Development:

- (i) Role of International Organisations
- (ii) Globalisation and the Third World, Role of the State.

5. Development: The Indian Case:

- (i) Post Independence Indian Reality, Uneven and Lopsided Development (class caste, gender, ethnic groups, minorities)
- (ii) Development, its Social and Environmental Consequences.
- (iii) Development and Social Protest. Struggles against Destruction of Livelincods and Environment
- (iv) Socio-economic Impact of Globalisation and its Effect: Differing View Points.

MA - PART I SOCIOLOGY -- PAPER IV

PERSPECTIVES ON INDIAN SOCIETY

4.	Overview	of	Indian	Society		
7.7	Diversity					

Diversity

Cultural Synthesis

Hierarchies

Emergence of Sociology in India 2.

Patrick Geddes: Urban Ecology

G. S. Ghurye: Caste and Race

A. R. Desai: Marxist Approach

Dalitist Approach

Changing the Contested Hierarchies 3.

Structure of Caste

Dynamics of Caste and Inequalities

Caste, Class and Gender

Role of the State

Tribal Communities 4.

Understanding Tribal Community (Tribe/Caste/Peasantry)

Ecology, Environment and Tribes

Nomadic Tribes

Denotified Tribes

Dynamics of Change and Transformation 5.

Agrarian Relations

Industrialisation

Gender

Kinship, Marriage and Family

Economic Liberalisation and Rural-Urban Dynamics

Sociology for India: Current Debates 6.

Pluralism

Politics, Religion and State.

MA PART - II Sociology Paper VII Environment and Society

1. Introduction

- Basic concepts: Nature, Ecology, Environment Changing Human-Nature Relationship
- Nature, Modern Science and Technology

2. Perspectives of Environmental Issues

- Cultural ecology
- Environmental Determinism and Possibalism
- Classical Sociological theory
- Marxist perspectives Recent contributions

3. Environmental Issues (Global Context)

- Nature and extent of environmental degradation
- Global environment politics: history, major issues North-South dialogue
- Gender and environment
- Sustainable development

4. Environmental Issues

- The state of India's environment
- Depletion of resources and its impact on local communities - Traditional systems of resource management
- Environmental struggles / movements / protests
- Recent experiments in resource management : local and state initiatives

5. Social Impact Assessment

- Dams
- Parks and Sanctuaries , Infrastructure

Reading List

Syllabus M. A. PART II Sociology Paper V- INDUSTRY, LABOUR AND SOCIETY.

- Industrialisation and Social Change: Features of industrial society. Impact of industry on social institution's (family, kinship, caste, community).
- Industry and Labour in India: Evolution of industries and the labour force. Labour commitment.
- Formal organisations: Structure and change.
- Work and Technology-1: Work and alienation," Technology and employment Gender and technology.
- Work and Technology-2: Taylorism, Fordism, Flexible Specialisation.
- Labour Market: Stocffire" (segmentation and fragmentation). Factors
 influencing the labour market (social stratification, caste, kinship,
 region, gender). Politics of regionalism.
- Industrial Relations: Nature of conflict and conflict resolution.
 Changing role of the State.
 - Trade Unions: Evolution of trade unions. Growth and influence of trade unions in India. Trade unions and politics. Problems relating to caste, ethnicity and gender.
- Economic Liberalisation and Globalisitipn: Labour In a globalising world. Status -of public sector and privatisation. Voluntary retirement scheme.

eading List

8

Anderson, M. (ed) (1986X Sociology of the Family, Penguin, Harmondsworth.

Bagchi, Amiya (ed) (1994), New Technology and the Workers' Response: Micro-electronics, Labour and Society, Sage Publications, Delhi.

Bannerji, N. (1991), Women in Changing Industrial Scenario, Sag Publications, Delhi.

D. M. II. Francisco Collecto No Collect St. Paul's Publishir

MA PART - II [SOCIOLOGY]

PAPER VIII - SOCIOLOGY OF SOCIAL MOVEMENT

1. Introduction

- Concept and definition of Social Movements Characteristics,

2. Approaches to the Emergence of Social Movements

- Conflict Approach class and power Structural-functional Approach.
- Relative Deprivation Theory.
- Resources Mobilization Theory.

3. Processes in Social Movements

- Role of Ideology, Leadership and Communication.
- Schisms, Splits & Counter Movements.
- Relationship between Social Movements and Political Parties.

4. Themes in Social movements

- Power
- Justice
- Identity

5. Social Movements and Social Change

- Reform
- Revival (Restorative)
- Revolution

6. Globalization and Social Movements

- Dimensions of globalization
- Implications: Positive and Negative

7. Case Studies of Social Movements

- Tribal Movements (Warli Movement)
- Dalit Political Movements
- Ethnic Movements (Shiv Sena Movement)

8. New Social Movements

- Women's Movements
- Environment Movements

M. A. PART - II

SOCIOLOGY PAPER VIII - GENDER AND SOCIETY

1. Introduction and Basic Concepts and Theories in Gender Studies, Sociological Analysis, Gender critiques of Content Method and Methodology.

2. Women in Modern India

- Interpretation of the status of Women in Colonial India.
- Rewriting the History of Women in Colonial India and Non-Brahmin Perspectives.

3. Profit of Women in Contemporary India

- Demographic Status
- Sex Ratio, Age of Marriage
- Policies and Programmes of the State

4. Gender, Family and Kinship

- Descent, access to property, dowry
- Labour and Kinship
- Socialization Practices

5. Gender Caste and Tribe in India

- Women as gateways of caste system (Readings on Phule; Ambedkar and Periyar)
- Understanding Gender and Tribe
- Gender, Caste and Class in India

6. Gender and Media

- Marginalisation of Women's experiences
- Women's writings
- -Audio-visual Media and Dominant Representations of Women

7. Women's Movements in India

- The Nationalist Movement
- Women in Ambedkarite and Self-respect Movement
- Women in the Left Movements
- Emergence of Autonomous Women's Groups
- Challenges to Women's Movement in 1990s onwards

8. Contemporary Issues

- Gender and Communalism
- Women's rights on human rights - - - d - labalization