

[Time 2½ Hours]

[Marks: 75]

- N.B. (1) Attempt all questions, all questions carry equal marks.
 (2) Do not write any explanation for labelled diagram and schematic representation questions.

Q. 1. A. Answer the following (Attempt any two) [10]

- Discuss the role of cell membrane in solute transport with respect to lipids, proteins and aquaporins.
- With the help of a neat labeled diagram represent secondary active transport
- Write a note on transport systems which do not involve energy expenditure.
- Discuss steps involved in Histidine transport.

Q. 1. B. Do as directed (Attempt any five) [05]

- Define liposomes.
- Give significance of ABC transporter.
- Name a non-carrier mediated transport system.
- Explain binding proteins.
- Define primary active transport.
- Define mechanosensitive channels.
- Define shock sensitive transport system.
- Give an example of a solute transported by facilitated diffusion in *E coli*.
- Give an example of a siderophore in *E coli*.
- Name the binding protein of the maltose transport system.

Q. 2. A. Answer the following (Attempt any two) [10]

- Write a short note on flavoproteins and Quinones
- Discuss rotational catalysis as a mode of synthesizing ATP at the site of ATP synthase.
- Differentiate between bacterial and mitochondrial ETC [5 points]
- Discuss chemiosmotic hypothesis.

Q. 2. B. Do as directed (Attempt any five) [05]

- Give an example of a reductase expressed under anaerobic respiration.
- Define coupling site.
- Which vitamin is a precursor for menaquinone.
- Name the prosthetic group associated with complex II of mitochondrial ETC.
- Name an inhibitor of ATPase.
- Define redox potential.
- Which metal ion other than Fe is present in cytochrome a_3 ?
- Name an organism that has bacteriorhodopsin in its membrane?
- Give the significance of pmf.
- What is the numerical value for P:O ratio of NADH/NAD⁺ .

Q. 3. A. Answer the following (Attempt any two) [10]

- Using chemical structures and enzymes represent Glycolysis.
- Schematically represent oxidative phase of HMP Pathway.
- Discuss utilization of Starch.
- Diagrammatically represent Incomplete TCA.

Q. 3. B. Do as directed (Attempt any five) [05]

- a) Name an enzyme cleaving Lactose into Glucose and Galactose.
- b) Using word equation write the action of Isocitrate lyase..
- c) Give chemical structure of D- Galactose.
- d) Name an enzyme cleaving Sucrose into Glucose-1-phosphate and Fructose.
- e) Name an enzyme requiring TPP as cofactor.
- f) Name the end product of anaerobic metabolism of Glucose via ED Pathway.
- g) Name a Cellulose degrading microorganism.
- h) Name a coenzyme that functions as reducing power.
- i) Give chemical structure of Succinic acid.
- j) Name an organism producing Fructose-6-phosphate Phosphoketolase.

Q.4.A Answer the following. (Attempt any Two) [10]

- a) Schematically represent mixed acid fermentation pathway.
- b) Schematically represent amphibolic nature of EMP pathway
- c) With the help of structures and enzymes show conversion of acetyl CoA to butyric acid.
- d) Discuss the transfer of precursor molecules across cell membrane and their assembly to form peptidoglycan.

Q. 4. B. Do as directed (Attempt any five) [05]

- a) Give an example of organism producing 2,3 butanediol.
- b) Write word equation to show the reaction catalyzed by acetoacetate decarboxylase.
- c) Name the enzyme which converts L-lactate to D-lactate.
- d) Name any one anabolic precursor formed in the TCA cycle.
- e) Name the enzyme which hydrolyses Fructose 1,6 bisphosphate to Fructose 6 phosphate.
- f) Give word equation for the reaction catalyzed by butanol dehydrogenase.
- g) Give one example of bacteria carrying out alcohol fermentation.
- h) Give one example of bacteria producing propionic acid.
- i) Define pH 6 enzyme.
- j) Explain Pasteur effect.

Q. 5. Answer the following (Attempt any three) [15]

- a) Schematically represent the sugar-phosphotransferase system.
 - b) Write a short note on bioluminescence.
 - c) Using a balance sheet calculate the number of moles of ATP formed during anaerobic glycolysis of glucose.
 - d) Discuss Anaplerotic reactions.
 - e) Write a short note on glycogen biosynthesis
 - f) Explain Radiorespirometry to differentiate between EMP and ED Pathway.
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