

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B: 1. All Questions are Compulsory.
2. Cite the relevant case laws where required.

- Q.1 Answer the followings in **two** sentences each: 10
- (a) Polygamy
 - (b) Intestate Succession
 - (c) Jabar
 - (d) Nuclear Family
 - (e) Kabin Nama
- Q.2 Write **Short Notes on ANY THREE** of the Followings: 15
- (a) Maintenance under section 125 Cr.P.C
 - (b) Sati Pratha
 - (c) Essentials of Muslim Marriage
 - (d) Discuss the various grounds on which a Parsi can take divorce
 - (e) Domicile under the Indian Succession Act, 1925
- Q.3 Answer **ANY TWO** of the followings based on the given Facts / Situation: 20
- (a) Salima a Sunni Female and Rashid a Shia Male were two educated Muslims working in the same office. Sooner the intimacy developed between them and with the blessings of their parents, they planned to get married on 16-July-2016. But due to riots in the city, curfew was imposed and their dream to have a luxurious wedding to be curtailed down and they signed in the presence of Quazi. No witness was available as well.
 - i. Discuss the status of Shia and Sunni Marriage performed in the absence of Witness.
 - ii. Discuss the various essentials of Valid Muslim Marriage.
 - (b) John a Christian Male and Sherry a Christian female got married by undergoing various religious ceremonies. John was working with MNC with handsome package of lacs of rupees per month. The marriage was not consummated even after 6 months. Soon the difference started developing between them and John in the influence of alcohol beat her every day. Later it was discovered that John was a homosexual and having relationship with one of his colleagues only. Sherry wants to take divorce, but only factor which was compelling her to be in relationship was that her parents were not that well off to take care of her.
 - i. Discuss the various grounds of Divorce under the Divorce Act, 1869.
 - ii. Discuss the various financial remedies available to Sherry in the above mentioned circumstances.
 - (c) Richa and Abhinav got married in a lavish ceremony. Richa's parents were multi-millionaire and gifted their daughter jewellery and other gifts to the best of their capacity. But with this the greed of Abhinav's parents reached to the great extent and in order to extract more money from Richa's parents they indirectly started passing comments upon her in relation to insufficient arrangements at their marriage and how other relatives have got numerous gifts at the wedding of their son. Abhinav always remained a silent spectator and never opposed to conduct of his parents. Soon Richa left the In-Laws house and filed a criminal case against them under section 498-A including Abhinav, though he never was a part of that.

- i. Can Abhinav be rightly implicated? Discuss the provisions contained in IPC in relation to Cruelty by the Husband and In-laws.
- ii. Discuss the remedies available to Richa under the Civil Legislations.

Q.4 LONG ANSWERS: Answer ANY **THREE** of the Followings:

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- (a) Explain the concept of Dower under the Muslim Law.
- (b) Discuss the provisions related to devolution of property in case of Parsi dying intestate under the Indian Succession Act, 1925.
- (c) "The State shall endeavor to secure for the citizens a Uniform Civil Code throughout the territory of India." Comment.
- (d) Discuss bigamy as offence as made punishable under section 494 IPC.
- (e) What are the various grounds of divorce as laid down in the Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939.