

[Time: 2½ Hours]

[Marks: 75]

Please check whether you have got the right question paper.

- N.B: 1. **All** questions are **compulsory**.
2. **Figures** to the **right** indicate **full** marks.

- Q. 1** Answer in two sentences **10**
- a. What is Criminal intimidation?
 - b. Section 497 of IPC deals with which crime?
 - c. Valuable Security
 - d. What is the provision of IPC with respect to Children below the age of SEVEN years?
 - e. What is dishonest misappropriation of property?
- Q. 2** Write Short Notes (**Any Three**) **15**
- a. Discuss the offence of defamation and five exceptions to it.
 - b. "Actus non facit reum nisi mens sit rea".
 - c. GIAN KAUR V/s STATE OF PUNJAB
 - d. Discuss Common Intention and Common Object
 - e. Reformatory Theory of punishment.
- Q. 3** Solve with reasons and relevant provisions (**Any Two**) **20**
- A.** 'A' builds a wall across a path along which B has a right to pass, B is thereby prevented from passing.
- a. What is the offence committed by A and what will be the punishment for it? Explain the essential ingredient of the offence.
 - b. Explain wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement under I.P.C.
- B.** A having shot at a deer near P's land, entered into P's land with the intention of taking away the killed deer. A was asked not to enter P's premises. A entered P's premises to take the deer and did take it away. He did nothing else on P's land. P then charged A with criminal trespass.
- a. Has A committed the offence of criminal trespass by entering P's premises? Justify your answer under the legal provision of I.P.C.
 - b. What are the essential ingredients of criminal trespass? What is the punishment prescribed for it under I.P.C.

TURN OVER

- C.** 'A' intending to permanently disfigure B's face gives 'B' a blow which does not permanently disfigure B's face, but causes 'B' to suffer a severe bodily pain for 20 days.
- a. Discuss the liability of 'A' under the legal provisions of I.P.C.
 - b. Define Grievous hurt and explain its essential ingredient.

Q. 4 Answer (Any Three)

30

- a. Define Culpable Homicide. When is Culpable Homicide not amount to murder?
 - b. When is a man said to commit a rape?
 - c. Explain the right to Private Defence and when it can extend to the causing of death?
 - d. What is force? When does it become criminal force? Explain it with suitable illustrations.
 - e. Explain the various types of punishment to which offenders are liable under the Indian Penal Code.
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