

1

66341

Solution:  
**Fundamental of algorithm**

1-A-

- i. (b)-upper
- ii. (c)-algorithm
- iii. (a)- Binary Search Tree
- iv. (b)- $O(n)$
- v. (a)-cycle

1-B

- i. children
- ii. tree
- iii. shortest
- iv.  $O(n)$
- v. Rapidly

1-C

- i. Page 127, "Data structure and algorithms in Python, Goodrich
- ii. Give definition with suitable example.
- iii. Explain with reference to list. Explain search time. ( $O(n)$ )
- iv. A tree with up to two child nodes
- v. Give definition and its applications

2.

- A. Give definitions and suitable illustration. Explain why they are useful.
- B. Definition (2 Marks). Example (3 Marks)
- C. Explain what is guessing & confirming (2 Marks) Example (3 Marks)
- D. Explanation of the problem (1 Marks). Algorithm (4 Marks)
- E. Explain how are they useful in algorithmic analysis.(2 Marks) Give examples of each. (3 Marks)

3.

- A. Definition (2 Marks). Characteristics (3 Marks)
- B. definition (1 Marks). (2 Marks each for each traversal –preorder/inorder/postorder)
- C. definition (2 Marks). Example(3 Marks)
- D. definitions (2 Marks). Example (3 Marks)
- E. Definition (1 Marks). Algorithm (4 Marks)
- F. definition (1 Marks). Difference (2 Marks), Example (2 Marks)

4.

- A. definition (2 Marks), algorithm (3 Marks)
- B. give its characteristics with example.
- C. explain concepts(2 Marks), Example(3 Marks)
- D. Dynamic programming (1 Marks), (2 Marks each for each example)
- E. Explain each element.
- F. Definition of classification (1 Marks), description of Classification by Implementation Method (4 Marks)

5.

- A. Definition (2 Marks), its importance and usage (3 Marks)
- B. definition (2 Marks). Example (3 Marks)
- C. definition (2 Marks). Example (3 Marks)
- D. definition (2 Marks), Its use and example(3 Marks)
- E. 2.5 Marks each.