Model Answers for Subject code: 81136 and Q.P. Code: 30061

Q1) A) Fill in the blanks

(5marks)

- a) flammable
- b) Jayanti rohu
- c) electrophoresis
- d) 273.16°
- e) chymosin

Q1 B) Match the columns I and II and rewrite:

(5marks)

Column I

Column II

v) permanganate

- a) Oxidizing agent
- b) Dolly
- c) Alcohol fermentation
- d) TLC

e) Explosive

- iv) Ian Wilmut i) Saccharomyces cerevisiae
- ii) Adsorption chromatography
- iii) Sodium

Q1 C) State whether true or false.

(5marks)

- a) False
- b) True
- c) True
- d) True
- e) False

Q1D) Answer the following in one sentence:

(5marks)

- a) pH is the negative logarithm of hydrogen ion concentration.
- b) The ability to distinguish between separations of smaller objects within the object being studied is called the resolving power.
- c) Substances that contains oxygen and halogens, and are capable of supporting combustion and intensify the violence of fire.
- d) Molality is defined as the gram molecular weight of solute dissolved in one kilogram of solvent.
- e) French Anderson is known as the father of gene therapy.

Q2 A) What is a frequency distribution table? Explain the steps involved in its preparation.

Answer:

Brief introduction of concept of frequency distribution table. (2 marks)

Description of steps involved for frequency distribution table, including

examples, table and histogram. (8 marks)

${\bf Q2\ A)}$ What is a median? Explain the calculation of median for ungrouped and grouped data.

Answer:

Brief description of median. (2 marks)
Description of calculation of median of ungrouped data. (4 marks)
Description of calculation of median of grouped data. (4 marks)

Q2 B) Write note on **any two** from the following:

a. Good Laboratory Practices.

Answer:

Brief description of Good Laboratory Practices (GLP). (1 marks)

Description of GLP by national and international agencies. (4 marks)

b. Percentage concentration.

Answer:

Brief description of Percentage concentration. (1 marks)

Description of percentage by weight and percentage by volume. (4 marks)

c. Pie diagram.

Answer:

Brief description of pie diagram (1 mark)

Description of construction of pie diagram with example and diagram (4 marks)

d. Simple random and systematic sampling methods.

Answer:

Brief description of the concept of sampling (1 marks)

Description of Simple random and systematic sampling methods. (4 marks)

Q.3 A) Describe the production of recombinant insulin. **Answer:** Brief introduction in importance of insulin, the disease related to deficiency of insulin. (2 marks) Description of the technique used for preparation of recombinant insulin along with diagram. (8 marks) OR Q.3 A) Describe SCID and Its treatment. Answer: Brief description of SCID. (2 marks) Description of ex-vivo gene therapy for treatment of SCID with diagram. (8 marks) Q.3 B) Write short notes on any two of the following: a. *In-vivo* gene therapy. **Answer:** Description of *in-vivo* gene therapy. (2 marks) Description of example(s) and/or diagram. (3 marks) b. Achievements of biotechnology in medicine. **Answer:** Description of achievements in medical biotechnology including biomarkers, genetics, gene therapy, vaccination, stem cell technology, human genome project. (Student may give additional examples) (2 marks) c. Transgenesis using nuclear transplant method. Answer: Description of the technique of nuclear transplant method including diagram (5 marks) d. Green fluorescent protein. Answer: Brief introduction on Green fluorescent protein (2 marks) Applications of Green fluorescent protein (3 marks) Q.4 Answer any two from the following: a. Describe the construction and applications of dissecting microscope. Answer: Description of construction of dissecting microscope with diagram. (6 marks) Description of applications of dissecting microscope. (4 marks) b. Explain the principle and applications of pH meter. **Answer:** Principle of pH meter with diagram. (6 marks) Description of applications of pH meter. (4 marks) (3)

c. Explain the principle and applications of spectrophotometry. **Answer:** Description of principle of spectrophotometer with diagram. (6 marks) Description of applications of spectrophotometer. (4 marks) d. Explain the principle of centrifugation and write note on ultra-centrifugation. **Answer:** Description of principle of centrifugation (6 marks) Description and working of ultra-centrifuge (4 marks) Q.5 Write short notes on any four a. Corrosive chemicals. **Answer:** Description of corrosive chemicals with examples. (4 marks) Pictogram of corrosive chemicals. (1 mark) b. Molarity. **Answer:** Description of molarity with examples. (5 marks) c. Achievements of biotechnology in animal husbandry. **Answer:** Description on achievements of biotechnology in animal husbandry. (5 marks) d. DNA Finger printing technique. **Answer:** Brief description on the technique of DNA fingerprinting with diagram. (5 mark) e. Paper chromatography. **Answer:** Description of principle and working of paper chromatography with diagram. (5 marks) f. Agarose gel electrophoresis. **Answer:** Description of principle of electrophoresis and working of agarose gel electrophoresis. (5 marks)
